

Nomenclator Classicus,

S I V E

DICTIONARIOLUM.

Secundum

Locos communes Nominibus usitatoribus Anglicis
Latinis, ordine dispositis.

A

Classical Nomenclator,

W I T H

The Gender and Declension of each Word, and
the Quantities of the Syllables.

By J. RAY, M. A. and Fellow of the Royal Society.

To which are added,

PARADIGMATA of all the Declensions of
the *Latin* ; with a Century of Proverbs, and a
Collection of modest Jests in *English* and *Latin*,
from good Authors.

The Fifth Edition, carefully Revised and Cor-
rected ; containing many hundred of Words
more than any BOOK of this Nature.

For the Use of SCHOOLS.

D U B L I N :

Printed by A. Rhames, for Eliphal Doolson, at the
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Dictionariolum Bilingue.

I.

Of Heaven.

THE Skie
A Star
A Constellation
A Comet, or Blazing-star
A Planet
Saturn
Jupiter
Mars
The Sun
** The Morning-star*
Mercury
The Moon
New Moon
Half Moon
Full Moon
A Sun-beam
An Eclipse
The East
The West
The North
The South.

** The Planet Venus, when it appears in the Morning before Sun-rising, is called the Morning-star, in Latin and Greek Phosphorus; when it appears in the Evening after Sun-set, it is called the Evening-star, in Latin Hesperus.*

De Cælo.

ÆThēr, ĕris, *m*
 1 Stella, æ, *f*
 3 Sidus, ĕris, *m*
 1 Cōmēta, æ *m*
 1 Plānēta, æ *m*
 2 Saturnus, i *m*
 3 Jūpītēr, Jōvis *m*
 3 Mars, Martis *m*
 3 Sōl, solis *m*
 3 Vēnūs, ĕris *f*
 2 Mercūrius, ii *m*
 1 Lūna, æ *f*
 2 Nōvūniūm, ii *ii*
 1 Lūna fēmiplēna
 2 Plēnīlūniūm, ii *m*
 2 Rādīus, ii *m*
 3 Eclīpsis, is *f*
 3 Oriens, tis *m*
 3 Occidens tis *m*
 3 Septentrio, ōnis *m*
 5 Mēridiēs, ei *m*

II.

Of the Elements and Meteors.

FIRE
Flammæ
A Spark

De Elementis & Meteoris.

3 **I**gnis, is, *m*
 1 Flamma, æ, *f*
 1 Scintilla, æ, *f*
A 2 *A*

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<i>A Firbrand</i>	3	Torris, is	m
<i>A Brand quenched</i>	3	Titio, ōnis	m
<i>A live Coal</i>	1	Prūna, æ	f
<i>A dead Coal</i>	3	Carbo, ōnis	m
<i>Heat</i>	3	Calor, ōris	m
<i>Warmth</i>	3	Tēpor, ōris	m
<i>Burning</i>	2	Incendium, ii	x
<i>Brightness</i>	3	Splendor, ōris	m
<i>Soot</i>	2	Fūmus, i	m
<i>Embers</i>	3	Fūligo, īnis	f
<i>Asbes</i>	1	Fāvilla, æ	f
<i>Ashes</i>	3	Cīnis, ēris	m
<i>Fuel</i>	3	Fōmēs, ītis	m
<i>A i R</i>	3	Aēr, ēris	m
<i>A Cloud</i>	3	Nūbēs, is	f
<i>A Mist</i>	1	Nēbūla, æ	f
<i>A Shower</i>	3	Imbēr, bris	m
<i>Rain</i>	1	Plūvia, æ	f
<i>The Rainbow</i>	3	Iris. īdis	f
<i>A Drop</i>	1	Gutta, æ	f
<i>Hail</i>	3	Grando, īnis	f
<i>Snow</i>	3	Nix, nīvis	f
<i>Dew</i>	3	Rōs, rōris	m
<i>Frost</i>		Gēlū, indecl.	n
<i>Hard-Frost</i>	1	Pruīna, æ	f
<i>Ice</i>	3	Glaciēs, ei	f
<i>An Ice-sickle</i>	1	Stīria, æ	f

N B All the Vowels have their Quantities superscribed, except (1) such as coming before two Consonants, or double ones. are known to be Long by Position, or else Common (2.) Such as are followed by another Vowel, and are universally Short, with few Exceptions, which are here observed. (3.) Except *a, en, us, or us.* at the end of Words being all Short, and *um*, which in Verse is either cut off by *Eclipsis*, or becomes long by Position. (4.) Diphthongs which are Long (5) In all other Cases the Syllables not mark'd are common. *Thunder*

B I L I N G U E.

5

Thunder	Tönitrū, <i>indecl.</i>	
Thunderbolt	3 Fulmen, ĩnis	12
Lightning	3 Fulgūr, ūris	11
Flash	3 Cōfufcātio, ōnis	f
Storm	1 Pröcella, æ,	f
Tempest	3 Tempeftās, atis	f
Whirlwind	3 Turbo, ĩnis	113
Gentle wind	1 Aura, æ	f
The Wind	2 Ventus, i	111
The East-wind	2 Eurus, i	113
The North-wind	3 Aquīlo, ōnis	113
The South-wind	2 Aufter, i	112
The West-wind	2 Zephyrus, i	113
Fair Weather	3 Sērēnitās, ātis	f
Calm Weather	3 Tranquilītās, atis	f
W A T E R	1 Aqua, æ	f
A Bubble	1 Bulla, æ	f
A Well	2 Pūteus, i	112
A Fountain or Spring	3 Fons, tis	113
A Stream	2 Fluentum, i	12
A River	2 Flūvius, ii	112
A Rivulet	1 Rīvus, i	112
A Brook	3 Torrens, tis	112
The Bank of a River	1 Rīpa, æ	f
The Channel	2 Alveus, i	112
A Pool or Pond	2 Stagnum, i	12
A Lake	4 Lācus, ūs	113
A Marsh or Fen	3 Pālus, ūdis	f
The Sea	3 Māre, is	12
The Ocean	2 Oceānus, i	113
A Wave	4 Fluctus, ūs	113
The Tide	Æstus maris	114
The Flowing	4 Æstūs { Accessus, ūs	115
The Ebb	{ Recessus, ūs	115
The Shore	3 Littus, ōris	116
A Ford or Shallow	2 Vādum, i	117
A Deluge	2 Dilūvium, ii	118
	A 3	

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<i>A Whirlpool</i>	3 Vortex, ĩcis	n
<i>A Bay</i>	4 Sĭnus, ũs	n
<i>Depth</i>	3 Pröfundĭtas, atis	f
<i>The EARTH</i>	1 Terra, æ	f
<i>A Mountain</i>	3 Mons, tis	m
<i>A Valley</i>	3 Vallis, is	f
<i>A Rock</i>	3 Rŭpēs, is	m
<i>A Plain or Champain</i>	5 Planĭtiēs, ei	f
<i>A Hill</i>	3 Collis, is	m
<i>A Cliff</i>	2 Clivus, i	m
<i>Dirt</i>	2 Cœnum, i	n
<i>Mud</i>	2 Limus, i	m
<i>Clay</i>	2 Lŭtum, i	n
<i>Dŕŕ</i>	3 Pulvis, ěris	m
<i>Sand</i>	1 Arēna, æ	f
<i>Gravel</i>	1 Glārea, æ	f
<i>Quick-sands</i>	3 Syrtes, ium	f
<i>An Island</i>	1 Infŭla, æ	f

III.

Of Stones and Metals.

A Great Stone
<i>A Pebble-stone</i>
<i>A Flint-stone.</i>
<i>A Whet-stone</i>
<i>A Touch-stone</i>
<i>A Load-stone</i>
<i>A Pumice-stone</i>
<i>Marbel</i>
<i>Jet</i>
<i>Amber</i>
<i>Alabaſter</i>
<i>Agate</i>
<i>A Jasper</i>
<i>Chryſtal</i>
<i>Carol</i>
<i>Emerald</i>

De Lapidibus & Metallis.

2 S Axum, i	n
2 S Calcŭlus, i	m
3 Sĭlex, ĩcis	f
3 Cōs, cōtis	f
3 Lydius lāpis	m
3 Magnēs, ětis	m
3 Pŭmex, ĩcis	a
3 Marmor, ōris	n
3 Gāgātēs, is	m
2 Succĭnum, i	n
3 Alābaſtrĭtēs, is	m
3 Achāres, is	m
3 Iaspis, ĩdis	f
2 Cryſtallus, i	f
1 Margārita, æ	f
2 Smāragdus, i	m

Brime

Amstone	3	Sulphūr, ūris	n
Asperas or Vitriol	2	Vitriolum, i	n
Buddle or Red Oaker	1	Rubrica, æ	f
Salt-petre	2	Nitrum, i	n
Marl	1	Marga, æ	f
Chalk	1	Crēta, æ	f
Plaster	2	Gypsum, i	n
Bit-coal	3	Carbo, ōnis, fossilis	m
Quarry	1	Lapidicīna, æ	f
Glass	2	Vitrum, i	n
Metal	2	Mētallum, i	n
Minerals	2	Minēralia, ium	n
Mine	1	Scaptensūla, æ	f
Gold	2	Aurum, i	n
Mine of Gold	1	Aurifōdīna, æ	f
Silver	2	Argentum, i	n
Brass	2	Orichalcum, i	n
Copper	3	Æs, æris	n
Iron	2	Ferrum, i	n
Steel	3	Chālybs, bis	m
Lead	2	Plumbum, i	m
Tin	2	Stannum, i	n
Quick-silver	2	Argentum, vivum	n
Alum	3	Alūmen, īnis	n
White Lead	1	Cērussa, æ	f
Soulder	3	Ferrūmen, īnis	n
Red Lead	2	Minium, ii	n

Copper is by modern Writers called *Cuprum*, forte q *Æs Cyprium*, and Brass is generally by English-men (through mistake) called *Æs*, whereas Brass is not a natural Metal, but a fictitious thing of Copper and *Lapis Calimnaris* or *Cadmia*.

Though modern Writers call Red Lead *Minium*, yet the Antients called it *Sandyx*. The *Minium* of the Antients was two fold, viz. Either (1.) the *Cinnabaris* of the Moderns, or (2.) the *Rubrica*. Verde.

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Verdegrease

Vermillion

3 Ærūgo, inis,

3 Cinnābāris, is,

IV.

Of the Parts and Adjuncts of Plants.

De Partibus & Appendicibus Plantarum.

A ^{Plant}
A Tree
A Shrub
An Herb
A Root (Tree)
The Trunk or Body of a
A Stalk
Wood
Timber
The grain of the Wood
The Pith
The Sap
The Bark
A Bough or Branch
A Rod
A Sprig, Graft, or Cyon
A Sucker
A Bud
A Sprout
A green Leaf
A Leaf
A Blossom or Flower
Fruit
A Foot stalk
A Prickle
A Catkin or Palm
The Stone of any Fruit
A Clasper or Tendrel
A Cluster
A Husk
A Pod or Cod

1 **P**Lanta, æ
 3 **A**rbor, ōris
 3 Frūtex, icis
 1 Herba, æ
 3 Radix, icis
 3 Caudex, icis
 3 Caulis, is
 2 Lignum, i
 1 Mātēria, æ
 3 Pecten, inis
 1 Mēdulla, æ
 2 Succus, i
 3 Cortex, icis
 2 Ramus, i
 1 Virga, æ
 2 Surcūlus, i
 3 Stōlo, ōnis
 1 Gemma, æ
 3 Germen, inis
 3 Frons, frondis
 2 Fōlium, ii
 3 Flōs, flōris
 4 Fructus, ūs
 2 Pēdicūlus, i
 1 Spīna, æ
 2 Nūcamentum, i
 2 Ossicūlum, i
 1 Cavīcula, æ
 2 Rācēmus, i
 1 Glūma, æ
 1 Silīqua, æ

Shell	3	Pūtāmen, inis	n
An awn or beard	1	~Arista, æ	f
Kernel	2	Nucleus, i	m
Berry	1	Bacca, æ,	f
Nut	3	Nux, nucis	f
Acorn	3	Glans, glandis	f
Cone or Clog	2	Cōnus, i	m
Bushwood or Barvin	2	Crēmium, ii	n
Knot	2	Nodus, i	m
Faggot	3	Fascis, is	m
Hips	1	Afsūlæ, arum	f

Of Herbs.

De Herbis.

A Dders-tongue	2	O Phioglossum, i	n
Agrimony	2	Eupātōrium, ii	n
Alexanders	2	Hippōsēlinum, i	n
Aloes (flower	1	~Alōe, es	f
Anemony or Wind-	1	~Anēmōne, es	f
Anise	2	~Anīsum, i	n
Archangel	2	Lāmium, ii	n
Artichoke	1	Cīnāra, æ	f
Asarabacca	2	~Asārum, i	n
Asparagus or Sparage	2	Asparāgus, i	m
1 Avena	1	Caryophyllata, æ	f
2 Barley	2	Hordeum, ei	n
3 Basil	2	-Ocīnum, i	n
4 Baum	2	Mēlissophyllum, i	n
5 A Bean	1	Fāba, æ	f
6 Bears-car	1	Aurīcūlā ursi,	f
7 Beet	1	Bēta, æ	f
8 Berony	1	Bētōnica, cæ	f
9 Bindweed	2	Convolvūlus, i	m
10 Birthwort	1	~Aristōlochia, æ	f

(2) This is usually called also in Latin *Agrimonia*.

(5) This in *English* is commonly, tho' corruptly, called *Emmony*.

(10) This is also by the *Vulgar* corruptly called *Sparrowgrass*.

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- | | |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 21 <i>Bluebottle</i> | 2 <i>Cyānus</i> , i |
| 22 <i>Borage</i> | 3 <i>Bōrāgo</i> , īnis |
| 23 <i>Brooklime</i> | 3 <i>Anāgallis āquātica</i> |
| 24 <i>Bryony</i> | 1 <i>Bryōnia</i> , æ |
| 25 <i>Buckwheat</i> | 2 <i>Fēgōpyrum</i> , i |
| 26 <i>Buglass</i> | 2 <i>Buglossum</i> , i |
| 27 <i>A Bar</i> | 1 <i>Lappa</i> , æ |
| 28 <i>Burdock</i> | 1 <i>Persōnāta</i> , æ |
| 29 <i>Burnet</i> | 1 <i>Pimpīnella</i> , æ |
| 30 <i>Cabbage</i> | 1 <i>Brassica</i> , æ, cāpītata |
| 31 <i>Calamint</i> | 1 <i>Gālāmintha</i> , æ |
| 32 <i>Camemel</i> | 2 <i>Chamæmēlum</i> , i |
| 33 <i>Campions</i> | 3 <i>Lychnis</i> , īdis |
| 34 <i>Carrot</i> | 1 <i>Pastīnāca</i> , æ, tenui foli |
| 35 <i>Caraways</i> | 2 <i>Cārum</i> , i |
| 36 <i>Celandine</i> | 2 <i>Chēlīdōnium majus</i> |
| 37 <i>Centory</i> | 2 <i>Centaurium</i> , ii |
| 38 <i>Charlock</i> | 2 <i>Rāpistrum</i> , i |
| 39 <i>Chervil</i> | 2 <i>Chærephyllum</i> , i |
| 40 <i>Chickweed</i> | 5 <i>Alsine</i> , es |
| 41 <i>Cinquefoil</i> | 2 <i>Pentaphyllum</i> , i |
| 42 <i>Clary</i> | 2 <i>Hormīnum</i> , ii |
| 43 <i>Cockle</i> | 2 <i>Pseudōmēlanthium</i> , iii |
| 44 <i>Coltsfoot</i> | 3 <i>Tussīlago</i> , īnis |
| 45 <i>Coriander</i> | 2 <i>Cōriandrum</i> , i |
| 46 <i>Columbine</i> | 1 <i>Aquilēgia</i> , æ |
| 47 <i>Costmary or Alecost</i> | 2 <i>Costus</i> , i, hortorum, |
| 48 <i>Cowslips or Paigles</i> | 3 <i>Pārālysis</i> , is |
| 49 <i>Cranes-hill</i> | 2 <i>Gērānium</i> , ii |
| 50 <i>Cresses</i> | 2 <i>Nasturtium</i> , ii |
| 51 <i>Crowfoot</i> | 2 <i>Rānuncūlus</i> , i |
| 52 <i>Colewort</i> | 1 <i>Brassica</i> , æ |
| 53 <i>Comfrey</i> | 2 <i>Symphytum</i> , i |
- (25) This is known by several Names in several Parts of England, as *Brank* in *Essex*. *Crap* in *Worcester-shire*, &c.
- (28) The usual Name by which this is known in Latin, is *Bardana*. (52) The word *Colewort* is made of the Latin *Caulis*, by which this Plant was sometimes called, for what Reason I know not.

B I L I N G U E.

I I

1 A Cucumber	3 Cucūmis, ĕris	772
2 Cives	2 Porrum, i, ſectīle	77
3 Cammin	2 Cūminum, i	73
4 Clovergrafs	2 Trifōlium, ii, majus, fativum	77
5 Daffodil	2 Narciffus, i	772
6 Daiſie	3 Bellis, ĩdis	f
7 Dandelion	3 Dens leōnis	772
8 Darnel	2 Lolium, ii	78
9 Dock	2 Lăpăthum, i	77
10 Dill	2 Anēthum, i	73
11 Dragons	2 Drăcontium, ii	78
12 Earthnut, or Pignut	2 Bulbōcaſtănum, i	73
13 Elecampane	2 Hĕlĕnium, ii	73
14 Endive	1 Endivia, æ	f
15 Eryngo or Sea-holly	2 Eryngium, ii	73
16 Eyebright	1 Euphrăſia, æ	f
17 Feverfew	1 Matrĭcăria, æ,	f
18 Fennel	2 Fœnĭcŭlum, i	73
19 Fern or Brakes	3 Fĭlix, ĩcis	f
20 Flax	2 Lĭnum, i	73
21 Flower de luce	3 Iris, ĩdis	f
22 Fox-glove	3 Dĭgĭtalis, is	f
23 Fumitory	1 Fŭmăria, æ	f
24 Garlick	2 Allium, ii	73
25 Gentian or Felwort	1 Gentĭăna, æ	f
26 Germander	3 Chamăedrys, yos	f
27 Groundſel	3 Sĕnĕcio, ōnis	77
28 Gourd grafs or Cleavers	1 Apărine, es	f
29 Gourd	1 Cŭcurbĭta, æ	f
30 Grafs	3 Grămen, ĩnis	73
31 Gromil or Gromwel	2 Lithoſpermum, i	73
32 Harts-tongue	1 Lingua cervĭna, æ	f
33 Hawkweed	2 Hiĕrăcium, ii	73
34 Hemlock	1 Cĭcŭta, æ	f
35 Hemp	3 Cannăbis, is	f
36 Hellebore	2 Hellĕbōrus, i	77

90 Henbane

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90 <i>Henbane</i>	2 <i>Hyoscyāmus</i> , i
91 <i>Hollyhauks</i>	1 <i>Malva</i> , æ, hortens
92 <i>Hops</i>	2 <i>Lŭpŭlus</i> , i
93 <i>Horehound</i>	2 <i>Marrŭbium</i> , ii
94 <i>Hounds-tongue</i>	2 <i>Cynoglossum</i> , i
95 <i>House-leek</i>	2 <i>Sedum</i> , i
96 <i>Hyssop</i>	2 <i>Hyssopus</i> , i
97 <i>A Hyacinth or Jacinth</i>	2 <i>Hyacinthus</i> , i
98 <i>A July-flower or Carnation</i>	2 <i>Caryophyllus</i> , i
99 <i>Jack in the hedge</i>	1 <i>Alliaria</i> , æ
100 <i>Kidney or French-bean</i>	2 <i>Phaseolus</i> , i
101 <i>Larkspur or heel</i>	1 <i>Consolida</i> , æ, regalis
102 <i>Lavender</i>	1 <i>Lavendŭla</i> , æ
103 <i>Lavender Cotton</i>	2 <i>Chāmæcyparissus</i> , i
104 <i>Leeks</i>	2 <i>Porrum</i> , i
105 <i>Lettuce</i>	1 <i>Lactŭca</i> , æ
106 <i>A Lilly</i>	2 <i>Lilium</i> , ii
107 <i>Liquorice</i>	1 <i>Glycyrrhiza</i> , æ
108 <i>Liverwort</i>	1 <i>Hepatica</i> , æ
109 <i>Lentils</i>	3 <i>Lens</i> , tis
110 <i>Louage</i>	2 <i>Lēvisticum</i> , ci
111 <i>Lupines</i>	2 <i>Lŭpinus</i> , i
112 <i>Madder</i>	1 <i>Rŭbia</i> , æ
113 <i>Mallow</i>	1 <i>Malva</i> , æ
114 <i>Mandrake</i>	1 <i>Mandrāgōra</i> , æ
115 <i>Maiden hair</i>	2 <i>Adiantum</i> , i
116 <i>Marigold</i>	8 <i>Cālendŭla</i> , æ
117 <i>Marjoram</i>	1 <i>Mājōranā</i> , æ
118 <i>Herb Mastick</i>	2 <i>Mārum</i> , i
119 <i>Maudlin-tansie</i>	2 <i>Agērātum</i> , i
120 <i>May weed</i>	1 <i>Cōrŭla</i> , æ
121 <i>Meadow-sweet</i>	1 <i>Ulmāria</i> , æ
122 <i>Melilot</i>	2 <i>Mēlilotus</i> , i
123 <i>Melon</i>	3 <i>Melo</i> , onis
124 <i>Mint</i>	1 <i>Mentha</i> , æ

(102) This is taken to be a Species of *Stachys*. (116) This is thought to be the *Caltha* of the Poets. 125 *Me*

1 Moss	2 Muscus, i	712
2 Mouse-ear	1 Pilōfela, æ	f
3 Monks-hood	2 Napellus, i	712
4 Mugwort	1 Artēmīfia, æ	f
5 Mullein	2 Verbasicum, i	72
6 Mustard (stool)	3 Sināpi, is	71
7 Mushroom, or Toad-	2 Fungus, i	712
8 Millet or Greut	2 Mīlium, ii	72
9 Nettle	1 Urtica, æ	f
10 Nightshade	2 Sōlānum, i	72
11 Oats	1 Avēna, æ	f
12 Onions	1 Cēpa, æ	f
13 Orpine	2 Tēlephium, i	72
14 Orrache	3 Atrīplex, icis	f
15 Ponick	2 Pānīcum, ci	72
16 Parsly	2 Apium, ii	72
17 Parsnip	1 Pastīnāca, æ	f
18 Pease	2 Pīsum, i	72
19 Pulse (grass)	3 Lēgūmen, inis	72
20 Penirol or pudding-	2 Pūlegum, ii	72
21 Periwinkle	1 Vinca pervinca, æ	f
22 Pillitory of the wall	1 Pārietāria, æ	f
23 Peiony	1 Pæōnia, æ	f
24 Pimpernel	3 Anāgallis, idis	f
25 Plantain	3 Plantāgo, inis	f
26 Pinks	2 Cāryōphyllus, i	712
27 Polypody	2 Pōlypōdium, ii	72
28 Poppy	3 Pāpāver, ēris	72
29 Primrose	1 Prīmūla, æ	f
30 Purslane	1 Portūlāca, æ	f
31 Pumpkin	3 Pēpo, ōnis	712

50) The Pink and July-flower were not known or at least described by the Ancients, they are by the Moderns called *Caryophilli*, as well from the shape of the Flower, together with his Cup resembling a Clove, as from its scent.

156 Radish	2 Rāphānus, i
157 Rampions	2 Rapuncūlus, i
158 Ramsons	2 Allium, ii, ursinus
159 Reed	3 ~Arundo, īnis
160 Restharrow or Camock	3 ~Anōnis, īdis
161 R cke	1 -Erūca, æ
162 Rue	1 Rūta, æ
163 Rubarb	2 Rhabarbārum, i
164 Rush	2 Juncus, i
165 Ric	3 Sēcāle, is
166 Rice	1 -Oryza, æ
167 Saffron	2 Crōcus, i
168 Sage	1 Salvia, æ
169 Sage of Jerusa- lcm	1 Pulmōnāria, æ, m culosa
170 Sanicle	1 Sanicula, æ
171 Satyrion	3 Orchis, idis,
172 Savoury	1 Sātūreia, æ
173 Saxifrage	1 Saxifāga, æ
174 Scabious	1 Scabiōsa, æ
175 Scallions	3 Ascātōnitīdes, um
176 Scurvy grass	1 Cochlearia, æ
177 a Skirret	2 Sisārum, i
178 Smallage	2 Pālūcapium, ii
179 Sorrel	1 ~Acetōsa, æ
180 Southern wood	2 Abrotanum, i
181 Sowbread	3 Cycāmen, īnis
182 Spignel or Mew	2 Meum, i
183 Spinache	1 Spīnichia, æ
184 Spurge	2 Tithymallus, i
185 Stock-gilliflower	2 Leuccōium, ii
186 Strawberry	1 Frāgaria, æ
187 Succory	2 Cichōrēum, i
188 a Sponge	1 Spongia, æ
189 Samphire	2 Crithmum, i
190 Stone crop	2 Cēdum mīnus
191 Tansie	2 Tānācētum, i

194 Tares or Vetches	1 Vicia, æ	f
195 Taragon	3 Dräco, ðnis herba	m
196 Teasel	2 Dipsäcus, i	m
197 a Thistle	2 Carduus, i	m
198 Tormentil	1 Tormentilla, æ	f
199 Trefoil	2 Trifölium, ii,	n
200 a Tulip	1 Tulípa, æ	f
201 a Turnip	2 Rapum, i	n
202 Time	2 Thymus, i	m
203 Tobacco	2 Tabacum, ci	n
204 Valerian	1 Valériäna, æ	f
205 Vervain	1 Verbēna, æ	f
206 A Violet	1 Viöla, æ	f
207 Wall-flower	2 Leücoium, ii, plúteum	
208 Wheat	2 Triticum, ci	n
209 Sweet Williams	1 Arméria, æ	f
210 Woad	2 Glaſtum, i	n
211 Woodruſſ	1 Aſpëriüla, æ	f
212 Wormwood	2 Abſinthium, ii	n
213 Wrack	1 Alga, æ	f
214 Yarrow	2 Milléfölium, ii	n

1) This is uſually called alſo *Nicotiana*, after the name of him who brought it firſt over into France.

Of Trees and Shrubs.	De Arboribus & Fruticibus	
A N Alder-tree	2 A Lnus, i	f
A n Apple-tree	2 A Malus, i	f
An Apple	2 Pomum, i	n
An Almond-tree	2 Amygdälus, i	f
An Almond	1 Amygdäla, æ	f
An Apricock-tree	2 Armëniäca malus.	
An Aſh	2 Fraxinus, i	f
A Wild-aſh	2 Ornus, i	f
An Aſpen-tree	2 Populus, i	f Lĩbyca.
A Barberry-buſh	2 Oxyäcanthus, i	f

o) The Barberry-Buſh is commonly in Latin called *Berberis*, and is taken by many Herbariſts to be the *Oxyacantha* of Galen, but not of Dioſcorides, that being the White-Thorn.

16 DITIONARIOLUM

11 <i>A Bay-tree</i>	2 <i>Laurus, i & us</i>
12 <i>A Beech-tree</i>	2 <i>Fagus, i</i>
13 <i>A Bilberry or Whortle-berry</i>	3 <i>Vitis, is f Idæ</i>
14 <i>A Birch-tree</i>	1 <i>Bētŭla, æ</i>
15 <i>A Box-tree</i>	2 <i>Buxus, i</i>
16 <i>A Bramble</i>	2 <i>Rŭbus, i</i>
17 <i>Broom (Kneeholly</i>	1 <i>Gēnista, æ</i>
18 <i>Butchers-broom, or</i>	2 <i>Ruscus, i</i>
19 <i>A Cedar-tree</i>	2 <i>Cēdrus, i</i>
20 <i>A Cherry-tree</i>	2 <i>Cérāsus, i</i>
21 <i>A Chestnut-tree</i>	1 <i>Castānea, æ</i>
22 <i>Capers</i>	3 <i>Cappāris, is</i>
23 <i>A Citron-tree</i>	2 <i>Malus Médica</i>
24 <i>Cinnamon</i>	2 <i>Cinnamōmum, i</i>
25 <i>A Cork-tree</i>	3 <i>Sŭber, ěris</i>
26 <i>A Cotton-tree</i>	2 <i>Gossŭpium, ii</i>
27 <i>A Cornel-tree, or Cornelian Cherry-tree</i>	4 <i>Cornus, i & ūs</i>
28 <i>A Cypress-tree</i>	2 <i>Cŭpressus, i</i>
29 <i>Currants</i>	3 <i>Ribes, is</i>
30 <i>Ebony</i>	2 <i>~Ebēnus, i</i>
31 <i>Elder</i>	2 <i>Sambŭcus, i</i>
32 <i>An Elm</i>	2 <i>Ulmus, i</i>
33 <i>A Fig-tree</i>	4 <i>Ficus, ūs</i>
34 <i>A Filberd</i>	3 <i>~Avellana nux</i>
35 <i>A fir-tree</i>	3 <i>~Abies, ětis</i>
36 <i>A fistick Nut-tree, or Pistacho</i>	1 <i>Pistāca, æ</i>

37 *Furze, Whins or Gorse* 1 *Gēnista spinosa*

(13) This is usually called in Latin *Vaccinium*, but erroneously, as I think.

(29) Currants is an equivocal Word with us, taken either for the Fruit of a Shrub called in Latin *Ribes*, or a small sort of Grape growing in *Zar*. The name Currant is taken from *Corinthus*, whence it's like this Fruit was first brought to us.

8 A Gooseberry-bush	1 Grossularia, æ	f
9 Hawthorn, or white thorn	1 Oxyacantha, æ	f
10 A Hazel Nut-tree	2 Corylus, i	f
11 Heath	1 Erica, æ	f
12 Holly	2 Agrifolium, ii	n
13 The Holm-Oak	3 Ilex, icis	f
14 An Honey-suckle	2 Caprifolium, ii	n
15 The Hornbeam-tree	2 Carpinus, i	n
16 Jessamin	2 Gelsēminum, i	n
17 Juniper	2 Jūniperus, i	f
18 Ivy	1 Hēdēra, æ	f
19 Laurel	2 Laurōcērāsus, i	n
20 A Lemon-tree	2 Malus limōnia.	
21 A Lemon, or Linden-Liquorice (tree	1 Tilia, æ	f
22 A Maple	1 Glycyrrhiza, æ	f
23 a Mastick-tree	3 Acer, ěris	n
24 a Medlar-tree	2 Lentiscus, i	f
25 Mistle	2 Mespilus, i	f
26 a Mulberry-tree	2 Viscus, i	n
27 a Myrtle-tree	2 Mōrus, i	f
28 an Orange-tree	2 Myrtus, i	f
29 an Olive-tree	2 Malus, Aurantia	
30 an Oak	1 Olīva, æ	f
31 a Palm-tree	4 Quercus, ūs	f
32 a Peach-tree	1 Palma, æ	f
33	2 Malus Persica.	

49) The Tree we now commonly call Laurel, is not the Laurel or *Laurus* of the Antients, that being our Bay-tree, but a Plant unknown til of late, bearing an esculent Fruit like a Cherry, and yet an ever-green. This is to be carefully heeded, lest any one be deceived by the confusion of these Names.

50) Whether Lemons and Oranges were known to the Antients, is uncertain. Some take them to have been the *Aurea Mala Hesperidum*.

18 DICTIONARIOLUM

64 a Pear-tree	2 Pyrus, i
65 a Pine-tree	4 Pinus, ūs
66 a Plane-tree	2 Plātānus, i
67 a Plum-tree	2 Prūnus, i
68 a Pomgranat-tree	2 Mālus pūnica.
69 a Poplar-tree	2 Pōpŭlus, i
70 a Privet	2 Ligustrum, i
71 a Quince-tree	2 Mālus Cydonia.
72 a Rasp-berry-bush	2 Rūbus-Idæus
73 a Rose	1 Rōsa, æ
74 a Rose-bay	2 Oleander, dri
75 Rosemary	3 Ros marīnus, i
76 Savin	1 Sābīna, æ
77 Saunders	2 Santālum, i
78 Service or Sorb-tree	2 Sorbus, i
79 Sloe-tree or black-thorn	2 Prūnus sylvestris
80 Strawberry-tree	2 Arbŭtus, i
81 a Sycamore-tree	3 Acer, ěris, mājus
82 a Tamarisk-tree	1 Myrīca, æ
83 a Turpentine-tree	2 Tĕrĕbinthus, i
84 a Vine	3 Vitis, is
85 a Walnut-tree	3 Juglans, glandifera
86 a Willow-tree	3 Sālix, ĩcis
87 a Woodbind, or Honey-suckle	2 Pĕriclyménum,
88 a Yew tree	2 Taxus, i
89 Balm or Balsom	2 Balsāmum, i
90 a Berry	1 Bacca, æ
91 a Date	2 Dačtylus, i
92 an Apple	2 Pōmum, i
93 a Pear	2 Pyrum, i
94 a Cherry	2 Cĕrāsūm, i
95 a Plum	2 Prūnum, i

(31) That we vulgarly but corruptly call the Sycamore Tree, is not the *Sycomorua* of the Antients, or the Tree so called in Scripture, but a sort of Maple. I suppose it was first so mis-named because the Leaf resembles a Fig-leaf.

90 a Fig	4 Ficus, ci & cûs	f
91 an Olive	2 Olivum, i	72
92 a Nut	3 Nux, nucis	f
93 a Nut-shell	3 Pūtāmen, ĩnis	72
100 a Kernel	2 Nūcleus, ei	72
101 a Walnut	3 Juglans, dis	f
102 a Chesnut	1 Castānea, æ	f
103 a Nut-cracker	2 Nūcīfrangibŭlum, i	72
104 a Quince	2 Cydōnium, ii	72
105 an Orange	2 Aurantium, ii	72
106 a Citron	2 Mēdicum, i	72
107 a Lemon	2 Līmōnium, ii	72
108 a Warden	2 Volēmum, i	72
109 an Apricock	2 Mālum Armēniācum, i	
110 a Peach	2 Mālum persicum, i	72
111 Strawberry	2 Frāgum, i	72
112 a Blackberry	2 Mōrum, rūbi	72
113 a Mulberry	2 Mōrum, i	72
114 a Gooseberry	1 Grosŭla, æ	f
115 Currans	1 Uvæ Corinthiācæ,	f
116 Suggar	2 Sacchārum, i	72
117 Pepper	3 Pīper, ěris	72
118 Ginger	3 Zingīber, ěris	72
119 Nutmeg	3 Nux, cis moschāta, æ	f
120 Mace	3 Mācis, is	f
121 Frankincense	3 Thus, thūris	72
122 Myrrh	1 Myrrha, æ	f
123 Rosin	1 Rēsina, æ	f
124 Turpentine	1 Tērebinthīna, æ	f
125 Pitch	3 Pix, pīcis	f
126 a Clove	2 Cāryōphyllus ārōma- ticus, i	72
127 an Acorn	3 Glans, glandis	f
128 Gall	1 Galla, æ	f

25) The word *Pix* is a name common to Pitch and Tar : Tar being called *pix liquida*, and pitch *pix arida* or *navalis*.

Of the proper Parts and
Adjuncts of Animals.

I. Of Fishes.

A *Scale*
a Shell
a Shell-Fish
The Gills of a Fish
The Fins
The Milt
The Row or Spawn
a Fisherman
a Net
an angle rod
a Line
a hook
a Bait
a plummet
Fishing
a Fishmonger
Salt fish

II. Of Birds.

a Birds bill or beak
a Comb or Crest
a Gill or Wattle
a Wing
The Claw or Crop
The Rump
a Claw or Talon
a Feather
a hard Feather
a Quill
Down
a Spur
a Nest
an Egg
The Yolk

De partibus propriis
Adjunctis Animalium

I. *Piscium.*

S *Quāma, æ*
Testa, æ
Concha, æ
Bronchiæ, arum
Pinnæ, arum
Lac piscium,
-Ovapiscium n Lat
Piscator, ōris
Rēte, is
-Arunċo, ĩnis
Linea, æ piscatōria
Hāmus, i
Esca, æ
Bōlis, ĩdis
Piscatūra, æ
Ichthyōpōla, æ
Salsamentum, i

II. *Avium.*

Rostrum, i
Crista, æ
Pāleā, æ
-Ala, æ
Ingluvies, ei
Orthopygium, ii
Unguis, is
Plūma, æ
Penna, æ
Cālāmus, i
Lānūgo, ĩnis
Calcar, aris
Nidus, i
Ovum, i
Vitellus, i

White	3 Albūmen, īnis	72
Egg-shell	1 Testa ovi.	
Wool	3 Auceps, cūpis	772
Worm	2 Viscus, ci	772
Time	2 Aviārium, ii	772
Age or aviary	III. Quadrupedum.	
III. Of Beasts.		
Sheep	3 Pēcus, ōris	72
Herd	2 Armentum, i	72
Beast	2 Jūmentum, i	77
Beast	1 Fēra, æ	f
Hide	2 Cōrium, ii	72
Horn	2 Cornu <i>indcc!</i> .	72
Hoof	1 Ungula, æ	f
Hair	2 Pīlus, i	772
Whistle	1 Sēta, æ	f
Mane	1 Jūba, æ	f
Wool	1 Lāna, æ	f
Wool	3 Vellus, ěris	72
Wool	1 Cauda, æ	f
Wool	3 Prōboscis, ĩdis	f

VIII.

Four-footed Beasts.	<i>De Quadrupedibus.</i>	
Ape	1 Simia, æ	f
Ass	2 Asinus, i	772
Wild ass	2 Onāger, ri	772
Baboon	3 Pāpio, ōnis	772
Badger, Brock or Gray	3 Mēlis, is f Taxus, i	772
Bat	3 Vespertilio, ōnis	772
Bear	2 Urīus, i	772
Beaver	2 Fīber, bri	772
This Animal is by some taken to be the Cynocephalus of the Antients, but erroneously.		
A Bat, tho' it flies, hath no affinity to Birds, not so much as a flying Serpent: And tho' it be not properly a Quadruped, yet hath it Claws in the Wings which answer to fore-legs.		

22 DICTIONARIOLUM

9 <i>a Buffle</i>	2 Būbālus, i	42
10 <i>a Camel</i>	2 Cāmēlus, i	43
11 <i>a Cat</i>	3 Fēlis, is	44
12 <i>a Chameleon</i>	5 Chāmæleo, ontis	45
13 <i>a Coney</i>	2 Cūnicūlus, i	46
14 <i>a Crocodile</i>	2 Cröcödilus, i	47
15 <i>a Deer</i>	1 Dama, æ	48
16 <i>a Fawn</i>	2 Hinnūlus, i	49
17 <i>a Hart or Stag</i>	2 Cervus, i	50
18 <i>a Hind</i>	1 Cerva, æ	51
19 <i>a pricket</i>	3 Sūbūlo, ōnis	52
20 <i>a Roe</i>	1 Cāprea, æ	53
21 <i>a Dog or Bitch</i>	3 Cānis, is	54
22 <i>a Whelp</i>	2 Cātūlus, i	55
23 <i>a Mastive</i>	2 Mō'offus, si	56
24 <i>a Spaniel</i>	2 Hispāniōlus, i	57
25 <i>a Mungrel</i>	2 Hybris, idis	58
26 <i>a Dogs-collar</i>	2 Millum, i	59
27 <i>a Barking</i>	4 Lātrātus, ūs	60
28 <i>a Muzzle</i>	1 Fiscella, æ	61
29 <i>a Dragon</i>	4 Drāco, ōnis	62
30 <i>a Dromedery</i>	1 Drōmēdārius, ii	63
31 <i>an Elephant</i>	3 Eléphas, antis	64
32 <i>an Elk</i>	2 Alcē, is	65
33 <i>a Ferret</i>	1 Viverra, æ	66
34 <i>a Fox</i>	3 Vulpes, is	67
35 <i>a Frog</i>	1 Rāna, æ	68
36 <i>a He-Goat</i>	2 Hircus, i	69
37 <i>a She-Goat</i>	1 Capra, æ	70
38 <i>a young Goat or Kid</i>	2 Hædus, i	71
39 <i>a Goatherd</i>	2 Caprarius, ii	72
40 <i>a Hare</i>	3 Lēpus, ōris	73
41 <i>a Leucet or young Hare</i>	2 Lēpuscūlus, i	74

(9) The name Buffle is so near in sound to *Bubalus* that the one must needs, I think, be derived from the other; howbeit I am not ignorant that some Naturalists will not allow them to be the same.

a Hedghog	2	~Echinus, i	m
a Hog	2	Porcus, i	m
a Hog-sty	3	Suile, is	n
a Hog-herd	2	Sūbulcus, i	m
a Bear	2	~Aper, ri	m
a Sow	3	Sus, suis	com.
a Pig	2	Porcellus, i	m
a Horse	2	~Equus, i	m
a Mare	1	~Equa, æ	f
a Gelding	3	Spādo, ūnis	m
a Race-Horse	3	Cēles, itis	m
a Nag	2	Mannus, i	m
a n ambling Nag	2	Equus tōlūtārius	
a War-horse	2	Equus bellātōrius	
a Trotter	2	Succussārius, ii	m
a Hackney-horse	2	Equus mēritōrius	m
a Pack-horse	2	Equus clitellārius	m
a Neighing	3	Hinnītus, ūs	m
a n horse-keeper	2	Equīfo, ōnis	m
a n Halter	2	Cāpistrum, i	n
a Jack-all	3	Lūpus aureus	m
a Leopard	2	Pardus, i	m
a Lion	3	Leo, ōnis	m
a Lioness	1	Leæna, æ	f
a Lizard	2	Lācertus, i	m
a Mole or Want	1	Talpa, æ	d
a Mole-hill	2	Grūmūlus, i	m
a Monkey	2	Cercōpīthēcus, i	m
a Mouse	3	Mus, ūris	m
a Dor-mouse	3	Glis, gliris	m
a Mouse-trap	1	Muscīpūla, æ	f
a Rat or Mouse-catcher	1	Mūrīcida, æ	f
a Mule	2	Mūlus, i	m

) That little Beast which with us is usually called a Dormouse, is not *Glis* but *Mus avellanarum* of Naturalists. The *Glis* is unknown to me, and therefore because it is vulgarly taken for our Dormouse, I have let it so stand.

24 DICTIONARIOLUM

75 <i>an Ox</i>	3 Bos, bövis
76 <i>a Bull</i>	2 Taurus, i
77 <i>a Cow</i>	1 Vacca, æ
78 <i>a Heifer</i>	1 Jüvenca, æ
79 <i>a Bullock</i>	2 Jüvencus, i
80 <i>a Calf</i>	2 Vītūlus, i
81 <i>a Udder</i>	1 Mamma, æ
82 <i>a Teat</i>	1 Pāpilla, æ
83 <i>a Porcupine</i>	3 Hystrix, icis
84 <i>a Sheep</i>	3 Ovis, is
85 <i>a Ram</i>	3 Arēs, ētis
86 <i>a Weather</i>	3 Vervex, ēcis
87 <i>a Lamb</i>	2 Agnus, i
88 <i>a Sheepfold</i>	3 Ovile, is
89 <i>a Shepherd</i>	3 Pastor, ōris
90 <i>a Sheep hook</i>	2 Pedum, i
91 <i>a Flock</i>	3 Grex, grēgis
92 <i>Wool</i>	1 Lāna, æ
93 <i>a Fleece</i>	3 Vellus, ēris
94 <i>a Squirrel</i>	2 Sciūrus, i
95 <i>a Tygar</i>	3 Tīgris, is vel idis
96 <i>a Toad</i>	3 Būfo, onis
97 <i>a Panther</i>	1 Pantherā, æ
98 <i>a Weasel</i>	1 Mustēla, æ
99 <i>a Martin or Sable</i>	3 Martes, is
100 <i>a Polcat</i>	2 Pūtōrius, ii
101 <i>an Ounce</i>	3 Lynx, cis
102 <i>an Otter</i>	1 Lūtra, æ
103 <i>a Wolf</i>	2 Lūpus, i
104 <i>a seal or sea-calf</i>	1 Phōca, æ
105 <i>a Tortoise</i>	3 Testūdo, inis,
106 <i>a Tadpole</i>	2 Gyrinus, i
107 <i>a Salamander</i>	1 Sālāmandra, æ
108 <i>an Ewet or Newt</i>	1 Salamandra āquatic
109 <i>a Rat</i>	3 Sōrex, icis

(109) Some make *Sorex* to signifie the Field or Shrew
 Mouse, the Rat they call in *Latin*, *Rattus*, or *domesticus major*.

a Serpent	3 Serpens, tis	m
a Snake	3 Anguis, is	com.
a Water-snake	1 Hydra, æ	f
a slow-worm	1 Cæcilia, æ	f
an Adder or Viper	1 Vipera,	f

The Serpent which we in *English* call a Snake, is called by Writers of the History of Animals in *Latin*, *Natrix torquata*.

The *English* Adder is the same with the Viper. I therefore it is the same that the Apothecaries take and give for the Viper, both in *France* and *Italy*, and what modern Naturalists esteem and describe for the Viper; and a sufficient Argument that it is the Viper of the Ancients is, that it bringeth forth living young.

IX.

Of Birds.

De Avibus.

A Bittour or Bittern	1	A Rdea stellāris, f
a Blackbird	1	A Mēnūla, æ f
Brambling	1	Montifringella, æ f
Bulfinch	1	Rūbīcilla, æ f
Bunting	1	Emberiza, æ f. alba.
Bustard	1	Tarda, æ f
Buzzard	3	Būteo, ōnis m
Capon	3	Cāpo, ōnis m
Chaffinch	1	Fringilla, æ f

This Bird is supposed to be the *Taurus* of *Pliny*. The author of *Philomela* calls it *Butio*, but his Authority of no great weight. Some of the Moderns make this Bird the *Onocrotalus* of the Antients, because of the Noise he makes: But the *Onocrotalus* is now acknowledged to be a far different Fowl, viz. that we call in *English* the Pelican, and is by Naturalists also taken to be.

This Bird is also called in *English* an *Alpe* or *Nope*. *Emberiza* is no ancient Latin Word, but made by a punner of the Dutch *Emmerizt*. This Bird is by some named *Rubetra*, and by others *Calandria*.

26 DICTIONARIOLUM

10 <i>a Chongh</i>	1 Cōrācias, æ
11 <i>a Coot</i>	1 Fūlica, æ
12 <i>a Cormorant</i>	2 Corvus, i āquaticus
13 <i>a Cock</i>	2 Gallus, i
14 <i>a Cocks-comb</i>	1 Crista, æ
15 <i>a Crane</i>	3 Grus, gruis
16 <i>a Cuckow</i>	2 Cūcūlus, i
17 <i>a Curlew</i>	1 Arquāta, æ
18 <i>a Didopper</i>	2 Cōlymbus, i
19 <i>a Dotirel</i>	2 Mōrinellus, i
20 <i>a Dove or Pigeon</i>	1 Cōlumba, æ
21 <i>a Turtle-Dove</i>	3 Turtur, ūris
22 <i>a Ring-Dove</i>	2 Pālumbus, i
23 <i>a Stock-Dove</i>	3 Vināgo, īnis
24 <i>a Dove-House</i>	2 Cōlumbārium, ii
25 <i>a Duck</i>	3 Anas, ātis
26 <i>an Eagle</i>	1 Aquīla, æ
27 <i>a Falcon</i>	3 Falco, ōnis
28 <i>a Fieldfare</i>	2 Turdus, i pīlāris
29 <i>a Goldfinch</i>	3 Carduēlis, is
30 <i>a Goose</i>	3 Anser, ěris
31 <i>a Greenfinch</i>	3 Chlōris, īdis
32 <i>a Griffon</i>	3 Gryps, gryphis

(10) This Bird is also called *Pyrrhocorax* from redness of the Bill and Legs; tho' I am not ignorant that *Aldrovandus* makes *Pyrrhocorax* and *Cōrācias* two distinct Birds.

(16) Note, That the *Penule*, or *Cuculus* is long, notwithstanding that the Author of *Philomela* makes short.

(17) The word *Arquata* is no antient Latine Name, imposed on this Bird by *Gesner*, from the bending resembling a Bow.

(18) This Bird is also called a Doucker and a Dobchick. The word *Colymbus* is by later Naturalists appropriated to this kind, and *Mergus* used for another sort. Divers more like to Ducks, having toothed Bills; indeed *Mergus* be a general name common to both sorts.

a Gull or Seamew	2 Lārus, i	m
a Hawk	3 Accīpiter, tris	m
a Heathcock	3 Tētrao, ōnis	m
a Hedge-sparrow	1 Currūca, æ	f
a Hen	1 Gallīna, æ	f
a Heron	1 Ardea, æ	f
a Hubby	3 Subbūteo, ōnis	m
a Hoop or Hoopo	1 Upūpa, æ	f
a Jack-daw	1 Mōnēdula, æ	f
a Jay	1 Pīca, æ, glandāria	f
a Kestrel	2 Tinnuncūlus, i	m
a Kingsfisher	1 Ispīda, æ	f
a Kite or Glead	2 Milvus, i	m
a Lapwing	2 Vannellus, i	m
a Lark	1 Alauda, æ	f
a Linnet	1 Līnaria, æ	f
a Martin	3 Hirundo, ūnis fagrestis	m
a Merlin	3 Æsālon, ōnis	f
a Nightingale	1 Luscinia, æ	f

5) This Bird is called also a Sea-cob, and in Latin *Gavia*.
 6) This is also called a Grouse, one sort hereof is taken to be the so-much commended *Attagen* of the Antients, viz that called the *Red-Game*.

7) Our Kingsfisher is vulgarly taken for the *Halcyon* of the Antients, but the Notes of the *Halcyon* do not all agree to it, and therefore modern Writers have imposed the Name *Ispide* upon it, a *vocis sono*.

8) *Vannellus* is a new made Name of the French *Vanneau*. This Bird by a great mistake, hath been generally taken to be the *Upupa* of the Antients, which is now by all acknowledge'd to be the *Hoopo*.

9) This Bird is also called in Latin *Cassita* and *Galerita*, because one sort of it hath a Tuft or Crest on the Head.

10) This is also no ancient Latin Word, but a newly imposed Name, as is also *Gallinula* for a More-hen, *Pluvialis* for a Plover, *Ruticilla* for a Red-start, *Rubecula* for a Robin-red-breast:

53 a Night Raven	3 Nyctiorax, æcis
54 a Nuthatch	1 Sitta, æ
55 an Ostrich	2 Struthiocamelus
56 an Owl	1 Noctua, æ
57 a Screech-Owl	3 Strix, īgis
58 a Parrot	2 Pittacus, i
59 a Partridge	3 Perdix, īcis
60 a Peacock	3 Pavo, ōnis
61 a Pellican	2 Pēlēcanus, i
62 a Pheasant	2 Phasianus, i
63 a Phoenix	3 Phœnix, īcis
64 a Pie or Magpie	1 Pica, æ
65 a Plover	3 Pluvialis, is
66 a Quail	3 Cōturnix, īcis
67 a Raven	2 Corvus, i
68 a Rail	1 Ortygōmētra, æ
69 a Redstart	1 Rūtīcilla, æ
70 Robin Red-breast	1 Rübēcūla, æ
71 a Rook	3 Cornix, īcis f frugī
72 a Siskin	2 spinus, i
73 a Snipe or snite	3 Gallinago, īnis mī
74 a Sparrow	3 Passer, ēris
75 a Starling or stare	2 Sturnus, i
76 a Stork	1 Cīcōnia, æ
77 a Swallow	3 Hirundo, īnis
78 a Swan	2 Cygnus, i
79 a Teal	1 Querquēdūla, æ
80 a Thrush	2 Turdus, i
81 a Titmouse	2 Parus, i
82 a Turkey	3 Gallōpavo, onis
83 a Vultur	3 Vultur, ū is
84 a Wagtail	1 Mōtācilla, æ
85 a Widgcon	3 Pēnēlōpe, es

(8c) Of this Bird are several sorts, viz. The Melbird or Shrike, *Turdus, visciivorus major*; the Thrush or Song-Thrush or Mavis, *Turdus visciivorus minor*; the Red-wing or Swine pipe *Turdus Iliacus*.

(8e) This is supposed to be the *Melagris* of the Antients as also the *Numidica avis*.

86 a Woodcock

87 a Wood pecker

88 a Wren

3 Scölpax, acis m

2 Picus, i Martius m

3 Passer, ěris Tröglö-
dytes m

(88) This hath been commonly mistaken for *Regulus* and *Trochilus* of the Antients; but now the *Regulus* is well known to be another Bird less than this, which is also found with us in *England*, but hath no *English* Name that I know.

X.

Of Fishes.

De Piscibus.

1 **A**N Anchovy
2 a Banstickle, or
Stickle-back

ENcrās ĭchölus, i m
Pungitius, i m

3 a Barbel

4 a Blay or Bleak

5 a Bream

6 a Button-fish

7 a Carp

8 a Chevin or Chub

9 a Cockle

10 a Cod-fish

11 a Conger

12 a Crab-fish

13 a Cramp-fish

14 a Cray-fish

15 a Cuttle-fish

2 Barbus, i m

Albunus, i m

Cyprinus, i latus m

2 Echinus mārīnus m

2 Cyprinus, i m

3 Cāpito, ōnis m

1 Cōncha, æ Anātia f

2 Afellus, i m

2 Congrus, i m

2 Cancer, cri m

3 Torpēdo, ĩnis f

2 Cammārus, i m

1 Sēpia, æ f

(1) What the antient Latin name of this Fish was is unknown, *Albertus* named it *Pungitius* from its Prickles, others call it *Spinachia*.

(2) The Bream hath been by many taken to be the *Abramis*, by reason of the affinity of the Words, but *Rondeletius* denies it.

(3) I see no reason but the Cockle may be called in Latin *Pectunculus*; howbeit I have complied with *Naturalists* in giving it the general name *Concha*, with the distinctive Epithet *striata*.

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16 a Dare or Dace	2 Leuciscus, i
17 a Dog-fish	2 Galeus, i
18 a Dolphin	2 Delphinus, i
19 a Dorce	2 Faber, bri
20 an Eel	1 Anguilla, æ
21 an Eel-pout or Burbot	1 Mustēla, æ flūviatilis
22 a Flair	1 Raia, æ, f lēvis.
23 a Flounder or Fluke	3 Passer, ēris
24 a Grayling	2 Thymallus, i
25 a Gudgeon	3 Gōbio, ōnis
26 a Gurnard	2 Cūcūlus, i
27 an Haddock	2 Asinus, i
28 an Herring	3 Halec, ēcis, f
29 an Horn-fish or Needle-fish	4 Acus, ūs
30 Ling	2 Asellus, i longus
31 a Lamprey	1 Lampētra, æ
32 a Limpet	1 Pātella, æ
33 a Lobster	2 Astacus, i
34 a Locke	3 Cōbites, is fluvialis

(28) Altho' it be generally agreed among later Naturalists, that our Herring is not the *Halec* of the Ancients, yet since it is a general opinion of vulgar Latins, and neither hath an Herring any antient Latin name, nor *Halec* a known English name. I have let it stand formerly. That Herring should have no antient Latin or Greek name is no wonder, it being a Fish proper to the Ocean, and so probably unknown to the ancients, Greeks and Latins.

(31) This Fish hath been by mistake called *Murena*, whereas *Murena* is a much different Fish, common to the Mediterranean Sea, and called at this day *Mourea*. Yet *Rondeletius* will have it to be the *Murene fluvialis* of *Atheneus*. However it must by no means be called simply *Murena* without the distinctive Epithet of *fluvialis*.

(33) Our Lobster hath been generally, but falsely, taken for *Lecusio Marina*; which mistake ought to be rectified.

Long-Oyster	1	Lōcūsta, æ mārīna	f
Mackrel	2	Scombrus, i	m
Minnew or Pink	2	Phoxīnus, i	m
Mullet	3	Mūgil, īlis	m
Muscle	2	Muscūlus, i	m
Oyster	2	Ostreum, i	n
Perch	1	Perca, æ	f
Periwinkle or Whilk	1	Cōchlea, æ	f
Pike	2	Lūcius, ii	m
Plaise	3	Passer ēris mēcūlōsus	m
Porpus	1	Phōcæra, æ	f
Pourcontrel	2	Pōlypus, i	m
Roche	2	Rūtīlus i fluviatilis,	m
Raff	1	Cernua, æ	f
Salmon	3	Salmo, ōnis	m
Saw fish	3	Pristis, is	m
Shad	1	Clūpea, æ	f
Sheat fish	2	Silūrus, i	m
Shark	3	Cānis, is carchārias	
Scate	1	Squātīna, æ	f
Scallop	3	Pecten, īnis	m
Soab	1	Sōlea, æ	f

Here care must be taken, lest being deceived by identity of names, we take our English Mullet to be the *Mullus* of the Antients; much less are we to confound our Barbel, a Fish of little account, to be their *Mullus*.

What the antient Latin and Greek names of this Fish were, is not certainly known. *Rubellio* and *Erythrinus* are names of a Sea-Fish.

The Shad or *Alosa*, *Rondeletius* will by no means allow to be the *Clupea* of the Latins; it may therefore be called in Latin *Alosa*, according to the French name.

For the affinity of name I have made *Squatina* the Latin for Scate tho' I am not ignorant that *Squatina* is a different Fish which in some places of *England* they call Monk Fish.

57	<i>A Sturgeon</i>	3	~Acipenser, ěris
58	<i>A Surmullet</i>	2	Mullus, i
59	<i>A Sword fish</i>	1	Xiphita, æ
60	<i>A Smelt</i>	1	Viðlācea, æ
61	<i>A Shrimp</i>	1	Squilla, æ
62	<i>A Tench</i>	1	Tinca, æ
63	<i>A Thornback</i>	1	Raia, æ clavāta
64	<i>A Turbot</i>	2	Rhombus, i
65	<i>A Trout</i>	1	Truta, æ
66	<i>A Tunny fish</i>	2	Thynnus i
67	<i>A Whale</i>	2	Cētus, i
68	<i>A Whiting</i>	2	~Asellus, i mollis
69	<i>A Weever</i>	3	Drāco, ōnis
70	<i>A Sprat</i>	1	Sardina, æ
71	<i>A Pilchard</i>	2	Harengus minor,

(57) Of the antient names of our Sturgeon in Greek Latin there are almost as many Opinions as Authors. That it was the *Accipenser* of the Latins I think probable: What it was called by the Greeks is so clear. That it was not the *Elops*, *Randall* proves, who would have it to be the *Asellus* Called of *Athenaus*.

(65) This is thought to be the *Salar* of *Ausonius*. What the antient Greek name thereof was is unknown.

XI.

Of Insects.

De Insectis.

1	A <i>N Ant or Emmet</i>	1	F <i>Ormica, æ</i>
2	<i>A Bee</i>	3	~Apes, is
3	<i>Honey</i>	3	Mel, mellis
4	<i>An Honey comb</i>	2	Fāvus, i
5	<i>An Hive</i>	3	Alveāre, is
6	<i>A Sting</i>	2	~Acūleus, i
7	<i>A Drone</i>	2	Fūcus, i
8	<i>A Swarm</i>	3	Exāmen, ĩnis
9	<i>Bees-wax</i>	1	Cēta, æ

(1) This is also called a Pismire.

Humble-bee	2 Bombylius, ii	m
Butterfly	3 Pápilio, ōnis	m
Beetle	2 Scārābæus, i	m
Caterpillar	1 -Erūca, æ	f
Cock-roche	1 Blatta, æ	f
Cricket	2 Gryllus, i	m
Dragon-fly	1 Lībella, æ	f
Earwig	1 Forficūla, æ	f
Flea	3 Pūlex, icis	m
Fly	1 Musca, æ	f
Glow-worm	1 Cīcindēla, æ	f
Gnat	3 Cūlex, icis	m
Grass-hopper	1 Lōcusta, æ	f
Hornet	3 Crābro, ōnis	m
Horse-leech	3 Hīūdo, inis	f
Louse	2 Pédicūlus, i	m
Mite	3 Syro, ōnis	m
Moth	1 Tīnea, æ	f
Maggot	1 Eula, æ	f
Scorpion	2 Scorpius, ii	m
Snail	3 Limax, ācis	com.
Spider	1 Arānea, æ	f
Water-spider	1 Tīpūla, æ	f
Straw-worm	2 Phrygānium, ii	m
Worm	3 Vermis, is	m
Earth-worm	2 Lumbrīcus, ci, terre- stris	m

7) The ancient Latin Names of these Insects are known; we have put down the names they are commonly known and called by Naturalists. The is also called *Perla* from the Italian name of it.

Cicada by a general mistake in our Schools, hath englished a Grass-hopper; whereas *Cicada* is an of far different make from the Grass-hopper, per to hot Countries, not known in *England*, and ing no *English* name; that usually sits on Trees, sings so loud that it may be heard afar off.

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36 <i>A Belly-worm</i>	2 <i>Lumbricus intestinum</i>
37 <i>A Silk-worm</i>	3 <i>Bombyx, -ycis</i>
38 <i>A Timber-worm</i>	3 <i>Teredo, inis</i>
39 <i>a Wall-louse or chinch</i>	3 <i>Cimex, icis</i>
40 <i>a Wasp</i>	1 <i>Vespa, æ</i>
41 <i>a Weevil</i>	<i>Curculio, onis</i>
42 <i>a Wood-louse or Sow</i>	2 <i>Asellus, i</i>
43 <i>a Breeze or Gad-fly</i>	2 <i>Asilus, i</i>
44 <i>a Tick</i>	2 <i>Ricinus, i</i>
45 <i>a Nit</i>	3 <i>Lens, dis</i>

(36) Of Belly worms there be three usual sorts, 1. round ones called *Teretes*. 2. The flat ones called *Ascarides*; for *Ascarides* is not the general name of all Belly-worms.

In setting down the Parts of Man's Body I shall follow the Division of the late Lord Bishop of Chester, Book of the universal Character; which is into Homogeneous or similar, and Heterogeneous or dissimilar Parts: the Homogeneous being subdivided into external and contained, the Heterogeneous into external and internal.

XII.

Of the Parts of Man's Body. *De Partibus Humanæ corporis.*

I. Of Homogenous Parts containing.

T he Body	3 C Orpus, oris
<i>A Member</i>	2 C Membrum
<i>A Limb</i>	4 <i>Artus, ūs</i>
<i>A Bone</i>	3 <i>Os, ossis</i>
<i>A Gristle</i>	3 <i>Cartilago, inis</i>
<i>A Glandule or Kernal</i>	1 <i>Glandula, æ</i>
<i>A Sinew</i>	2 <i>Nervus, i</i>
<i>A Vein</i>	1 <i>Vēna, æ</i>
<i>An Artery</i>	1 <i>Artēria, æ</i>
<i>Flesh</i>	3 <i>Cāro, nis</i>
<i>A Muscle</i>	2 <i>Mūscūlus, i</i>

skin	3	Cūtis, is	f
Membrane or Film	1	Membrāna, æ	f
Fibre	1	Fibra, æ	f
Hair of the Head	2	Cāpillus, i	m
Curled Lock	2	Cincinnus, i	m
II. Of Homogeneous Parts contained.			
Brain	2	Cērēbrum, i	n
Spine	1	Mēdulla, æ	f
Grease	3	Adeps, ĩpis	dub.
or Suet	2	Sēbum, i	n
	3	Sanguis, ĩnis	m
	3	Lac, lactis	n
	3	Fel, fellis	n
	2	Bilis, flava	f
		Bilis atra	f
	2	Pituīta, æ	f
	2	Mūcus, i	m
	1	Urīna, æ	f
	3	Stercus, ōris	n
	3	Sūdor, ōris,	m
	1	Sāliva, æ	f
III. Of External Heterogeneous Parts.			
Head	3	Cāput, ĩtis	n
Fore-part	3	Sincĭput, ĩtis	n
hinder-part	3	Occĭput, ĩtis	n
Crown	3	Vertex, ĩcis	m
Face	5	Fācies, ei	f
Countenance	4	Vultus, ũs	m
Skull	2	Crānium, ii	n
Fore-head	2	Frons, tis	f
Eye-brow	2	Sūpercĭlium, ii	n
Eye-lid	1	Palpēbra, æ	f
Eye	2	Ocūlus, i	m
sight of the Eye	1	Pūpilla, æ	f
white of the Eye	3	Albūgo, ĩnis	f
corner of the Eye	2	Hirquus, i	m
Hairs of the Eyelids	2	Cĭlia, orum	n

<i>The Ear</i>	3 Auris, is
<i>The Temples of the head</i>	3 Tempōra, um
<i>The Nose</i>	2 Nāsus, i
<i>The Nostrils</i>	3 Nāres, ium
<i>a Check</i>	1 Gēna, æ
<i>The Lip</i>	2 Lābium, ii
<i>The Mouth</i>	3 Os, ōris
<i>The Palat or Roof of the mouth</i>	2 Pālātum, i
<i>The Gums</i>	1 Gingīva, æ
<i>a Tooth</i>	3 Dens, tis
<i>The Jaw-bone</i>	1 Maxilla, æ
<i>The fore-teeth</i>	3 Incisōres, um
<i>The Jaw-teeth</i>	3 Mōlāres, ium
<i>The Tongue</i>	1 Lingua, æ
<i>The Chin</i>	2 Mentum, i
<i>The Beard</i>	1 Barba, æ
<i>The Neck</i>	2 Collum, i
<i>The Throat</i>	3 Guttur, is
<i>The Shoulder</i>	2 Hūmerus, i
<i>The shoulder-blade</i>	1 Scāpūla, æ
<i>The Back</i>	2 Dorsum, i
<i>The Breast</i>	3 Pectus, ōris
<i>a Pap</i>	1 Mamma, æ
<i>a Nipple</i>	1 Pāpilla, æ
<i>The Bosom</i>	4 Sīnus, us
<i>a Udder</i>	3 -Uber, ěris
<i>a Side</i>	3 Lātus, ěris
<i>The Backbone</i>	1 Spīna, æ
<i>a Rib</i>	1 Costa, æ
<i>a Loin</i>	2 Lumbus, i
<i>The Belly</i>	3 Venter, tris
<i>Navel</i>	2 Umbīlicus, ci
<i>The Hucklebone</i>	1 Coxa, æ
<i>The Hip</i>	3 Coxendix, cis
<i>The Flank</i>	3 -Ilia, um
<i>The Thigh</i>	3 Fēmur, ōris

The Knee	Gēnu, <i>indecl.</i>	12
The Ham	3 Pōples, ītis	112
The Leg	3 Crus, cruris	12
The Shin	1 Tibia, æ	f
The Calf of the Leg	1 Sūrā, æ	f
The Ankle	2 Malleolus, i	112
The Foot	3 Pēs, pēdis	112
The Great Toe	2 Dīgitus, pēdis	112
The Heel	3 Hallux, ucis	112
The Sole of the Foot	3 Calx, pēdis	112
The Arm	1 Planta, æ pedis	f
The Arm-pit	2 Brāchium, ii	12
The Elbow	1 Axilla, æ	f
The Wrist	2 Cūbitus, i	112
The Hand	2 Carpus, i	112
The Right Hand	4 Mānus, ūs	f
The Left Hand	4 Dextra, manus	f
The Palm of the Hand	1 Sinistra, æ	f
The Back of the Hand	1 Palma, æ	f
The Hollow of the Hand	2 Mētācarpium, ii	12
The Fist	1 Vōla, æ	f
The Finger	2 Pugnus, i	112
The Fore-finger	2 Dīgitus, i	112
The Middle-finger	3 Index, īcis	112
The Ring-finger	2 Verpus, i	112
The Little-finger	3 Annūlāris, is	112
The Thumb	3 Aurīcūlāris, is	112
The Knuckle	3 Pollex, īcis	112
The Nail	2 Condylus, i	112
The Joint	3 Unguis, is	112
	2 Articūlus, i	112

IV. Of Internal Heterogeneous Parts.

The Gullet	1 Gūla, æ	f
The Windpipe	1 Aspēra Artēria, æ	f
The Lungs or Lights	3 Pulmo, ōnis	112
The Breath	4 Spīritus, ūs	112
The Midriff	3 Diāphragma, ātis	112
	1	The

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<i>The Heart</i>	3	Cor, dis
<i>The Stomach</i>	2	Ventricŭlus, i
<i>The Mouth of the Stomach</i>	2	Stömächus, i
<i>The Bowels</i>	3	Viscëra, um
<i>The Small-guts</i>	3	Lactes, ium
<i>A Gut</i>	2	Intestinum, i
<i>The Liver</i>	3	Jëcur, ōris
<i>The Spleen or Milt</i>	3	Lien, ënis
<i>The Mesentery</i>	2	Mësenterium, ii
<i>The Caul</i>	2	Omentum, i
<i>a Kidney</i>	3	Ren, rënis
<i>The Bladder</i>	1	Vësica, æ

XIII.

Of some Accidents of the Body. *De quibusdam Corporis cidentibus.*

T He Look	4	A Spectus, ūs
Paleness	3	Pallor, ōris
Beauty	3	Pulchritudo, ūnis
Fair or handsome		Formōsus, i
Ill-favoured or ugly		Deformis, is
Gross		Crassus, i m cō
Slender		Gracilis, is
Fat		Pinguis, is
Lean		Mācer, cri
Sound or Hail		Sānus, i
Lusty		Vālidus, i
Tall		Prōcērus, i
Low		Hūmīlis, is
A Giant	3	Gigas, antis
A Dwarf	2	Nānus, i
Folt-headed	3	Cāpīto, ōnis
Bald	2	Calvus, i
Curld	2	Crispus, i
Blind	2	Cæcus, i
Wurblind	3	Myops, ōpls
One-eyed	2	Luscus, i

Blue-eyed	2 Lippus, i	773
Blue-eyed	2 Strābo, ōnis	772
Deaf	Surdus, i	772
Blushing	Balbus, i	772
Blushing	Blæsus, i	772
Teethless	-Edentūlus, i	772
Deaf	Mūtus, i	772
Blue-tongued	Linguax, ācis	772
Blue-nosed	3 Nasō, ōnis	772
Blue Lippest	3 Lābeo, ōnis	772
Blue-shouldered	Gibbōsus, i	772
Blue-handed	Scævus, i	772
Blue-bellied	Ventrīcōsus, i	772
Blue-legged	Valgus, i	772
Blue-footed	Plancus, i	772
Blue	Claudus, i	772
Blue-eyed	Mancus, i	772
Blue-eyed	2 Somnus, i	772
Blue-eyed	1 Vīgīlia, æ	f
Blue-eyed	2 Infomnium, ii	772
Blue-eyed	4 Anhēlītus, ūs	772
Blue-eyed	4 Singultus, ūs	772
Blue-eyed	3 Sternūtatio, ōnis	f
Blue-eyed	3 Oscītatio, ōnis	f
Blue-eyed	3 Pandīculatio, ōnis	f
Blue-eyed	3 Fāmes, is	f
Blue-eyed	3 Sītis, is	f
Blue-eyed	2 Fastidium, ii	772
Blue-eyed	3 Vox, vōcis	f
Blue-eyed	3 Sermo, ōnis	772
Blue-eyed	4 Rīsus, ūs	772
Blue-eyed	4 Flētus, ūs	772
Blue-eyed	2 Sūsurus, i	772
Blue-eyed	4 Cantur, ūs	772
Blue-eyed	2 Suspīrium, ii	772
Blue-eyed	2 Rhoncus, i	772
Blue-eyed	3 Rūber, ōnis	772
Blue-eyed	D 2	Quaking

Quaking or Trembling
 Gray Hairs
 A Wrinkle

3 Trēmor, ōris
 5 Canītis, ei
 1 Rūga, æ

XIV.

OF Diseases.

De Morbis.

A Disease
 Sick
 Sickneſs
 Weak
 Pain
 A Wound
 A Bruiſe
 A Stroke
 A Sore or Ulcer
 A ſwelling
 A Gangreen
 A Felow
 A Tetſer or Ring-worm
 A Blifter
 A Wheal
 A Whitlow
 A Pimple
 Freckles
 A ſcald-head
 Dandroof
 St. Anthony's Fire
 The Leproſie
 The Ich
 Itching
 A Scab of a Wound or Sore
 A Scar
 Hard Skin or Brawnineſs
 The Plague
 A Fever
 An Ague
 The third Ague or Quartan

2 **M** Orbus, i
 2 Ægrōtus
 3 Vālētūdo adverſi
 2 Infirmus, i
 3 Dōlor, ōris
 3 Vulnus, ěris
 3 Contūſio, ōnis
 1 Plaga, æ
 3 Ulcus, ěris
 3 Tūmor, ōris
 1 Gangræna, æ
 2 Fūruncū, lus, i
 3 Herpes, ětis
 1 Vēſicūla, æ
 1 Pápūla, æ
 1 Pārōnychia, æ
 1 Puſtūla, æ
 3 Lentigo, ĩnis
 1 Tīnea capitis
 3 Furfūres, um
 3 Erysīpēlas, atis
 1 Lēpra, æ
 5 Scābies, ei
 4 Prūrītus, ūs
 1 Cruſta, æ
 3 Cicātrix, ĩcis
 2 Callus, i
 3 Peſtis, is
 3 Febris, is contin
 3 Febris intermitte
 3 Febris quartana

tertian or each day Ague	3	Febris tertiana	
Quotidian or every day	3	Febris quotidiana	
Ague			
Small Pox	1	Variolæ, arum	f
Measles	2	Morbilli, orum	m
French Pox	3	Lues, is Veneræa	
Consumption	3	Tābes, is	f
Dropſie	3	Hydrops, opis	m
Falling-ſickneſs	1	Epilepſia, æ	f
Apoplexy	1	Apöplexia, æ	f
Lethargy	2	Lēthargus, i	m
ſineſs	2	Vēternus, i	m
ſadneſs	3	Stūpor, oris	m
Palsie	3	Pärälyſis, is	f
ſbneſs	3	Torpor, oris	m
Cramp	2	Spāſmus, i	m
Nights-mare	2	Incūbus, i	m
rid	2	Clinicus, i	m
neſs	3	Vertigo, inis	f
ſie	3	Phrēnēſis, is	f
neſs	1	Infania, æ	f
ge	2	Dēlirium, ii	m
Head-ach	1	Cēphālalgia, æ	f
degriſm	1	Hēmigrānia, æ	f
Tooth-ach	1	Odontalgia, æ	f
ld	3	Grāvēdo, inis	f
ough	3	Tuſſis, is	f
atarrh	2	Catarrhus, i	m
Chin-cough	2	Catarrhus ferinus,	
ſeneſs	3	Raucēdo, inis	f
Rickets	3	Rāchitis, idis	f
Squinancy	1	Angina, æ	f
um	3	Rheuma, ātis	m
Tiſſick	3	Aſthma, ātis	m
ting	3	Languor, oris	m
ning	1	Lipōthymia, æ	f
Pleurie	3	Pleuritis, itidis	f
D 3			Heart:-

Heart-burning
 Womens longing
 the Green sickness
 the Jaundise
 A Tympany
 the Scurvy
 the Colick
 A Looseness
 Costiveness
 the Bloody Flux
 the Stone
 Chafing or fretting
 The Strangury
 a Rupture or Burstness
 The Mother
 The Gout
 The Gout of the Foot
 The Running Gout
 The Piles
 The Kings-Evil
 a Wolf or Cancer
 a Wart
 a Mole
 a Corn
 a Kibe or Chilbain
 Hang-nails
 a Fit
 a Physician
 Physick
 a Medicine
 a Remedy
 an Apothecary
 a Chirurgion
 Blood-letting
 a Vomit
 Purging
 a Clyster

1 Cardialgia, æ
 1 Pica, æ
 3 Chlōlōsis, is
 2 Icterus, i
 3 Tympanites Hydro
 2 Scorbūtus, i
 3 Cōl.cus dōlor,
 1 Diarrhæa, æ
 2 Alvus astricta seu d
 1 Dysentēria, æ
 2 Calcūlus, i
 3 Intētrigo, īnis
 1 Strangūria, æ
 1 Hernia, æ
 1 Hystērica, æ, Passi
 3 Arthritis, itidis
 1 Pōdagra, æ
 2 Rheumātismus, i
 3 Hæmorrhoides, um
 1 Strūmæ, arum
 2 Cancer, cri
 1 Verrūca, æ
 2 Nævus, i
 2 Clavus, i pedis
 3 Pernio, ōnis
 1 Rēdūvia, æ
 2 Pāroxysmus, i
 2 Mēdicus, i
 1 Mēdicina, æ
 2 Mēdicamentum, i
 2 Rēmēdium, ii
 1 Pharmācōpōla, æ
 2 Chirurgus, i
 1 Phlēbōtōmia, æ
 4 Vēmītus, ūs
 3 Purgatio, ōnis
 3 -Enema, ātis

Potion	3 Pōtio, ōnis	f
Syrup	2 Syrūpus, i	m
Pill	1 Pilūla, æ	f
Plaster or Salve	2 Emplastrum, i	n
Wear-cloth	2 Cērātum, i	n
Went	2 Tūrunda, æ f pēnicillus	
Wentiment	2 Unguentum, i	n
Wen	1 Strūma, æ	f

XV.

Of Meat.	De Cibo.	
Caterer	3 O Bfōnātor, ōris	m
Food	4 O Viētus, ūs	m
Meal	3 Rēfēctio, ōnis	f
Breakfast	2 Jentācūlum, i	n
Dinner	2 Prandium, ii	n
Supper	1 Mērenda, æ	f
Supper	1 Cœna, æ	f
Feast	2 Convivium, ii	n
Feast	1 Conviva, æ	m
Refruct	2 Epūlum, i	n
Sweets or sweet-meats	2 Bellāria, orum	n
First Course	1 Prīma mensa, æ	f
Second Course	1 Mensæ Sēcundæ.	
Dishes	2 Fercūlum, i	n
Prayer	3 Grātiārum actio.	
Supper	3 Dāpes, um.	f
Table	1 Mensa, æ	f
Table-cloth	1 Mappa, æ	f
Apron or Towel	2 Mentēlium, ii	n
Apron	3 Aquālis, is	m
Wash-basin	3 Pelvis, is	m
Wash-basin	1 Quādra, æ	f
Wash-basin	3 Orbis, is	m
Wash-basin	2 Sālinum, i	n
Wash-basin	3 Sāl, sālis	m

Bread

Bread }	3 Panis, is
a Loaf }	1 Bucca, æ
a Morsel	3 Pollen, inis
Fine Flower	~Azymum, m
Unleavened Bread	Fermentatus, i m
Leavened Bread	Siligineus, i m
Manchet or fine white Bread	Similaceus, i m
Simnel Bread	Cibarius, i m
Household Bread	Biscoctus, i m
Bisket	1 Crusta, æ
the Crust	1 Mēdulla, æ f. panis
the Crum	1 Mica, æ
A Crum of Bread	2 Crustulum, i n Lib
a Wafer	1 Torta, æ f
a Simnel or Rowl	2 Lāgānum, i
a Pancake or Fritter	1 Plācenta, æ
a Cake	2 Cānistrum, i
a Bread-Basket	2 Culter, tri,
a Knife	5 ~Acies, ei
an Edge	3 Structor, ōris
a Carver	2 Discus, i
a Dish	2 Cātillus, i
a Porringer	1 Pātina, æ
a Platter	2 ~Acētābulum, i
a Sawcer	3 Cochleare, is
a Spoon	2 Jusculum, i
Postage or Broth	2 Pulmentum, i
Water-gruel	3 Flos lactis,
Cream	2 Lactīcīnia, orum
Milk-meats	3 Zythōgāla, aētos
A Posset	3 Oxygāla, aētos
a Syllibub	2 Butyrum, i
Butter	2 Caseus, i
Cheese	3 Artōgāla, ētos,
a Custard	2 Sērum, i, lactis,
Whcy	3 Cāro, nis
Flesh	

f al ston mb rk pison on Vitch hammon of Bacon own d d d l'd d ped bonadoed Meat c'd Meat cut in Gobbets ut-Pudding udding udding-maker ding-meat or pap lack-pudding or Blood- udding ausage bitterlin ejh-pye Apple-pye allet egar ce kle	3	Caro	Bövína, æ,	f
			Vītūlina	
			Ovīna	
			Agnīna	
			Porcīna	
			Fērīna	
	2	Lardum, i		n
	1	Succida, æ		f
	3	Pētāso, ōnis		m
	2	Callum āprugnum		
	3	Caro	Affa, æ	
			Elixa, æ	
			Coctīlis, is	
			Tosta, æ	
			Frixa, æ	
			Jūrūlenta, æ	
	1	Carbōnella, æ		f
	2	Mīnūral, ir		n
	2	Tōmācūlum, i		n
	3	Farcīmen, īnis		n
	2	Fartum, i		n
	3	Fartor, ōris		m
	1	Pappa, æ,		f
	2	Bōtūlus, i		m
	1	† Lūcānica, æ		f
	1	Hilla, æ		f
	1	Artōcrea, æ		f
	2	Artōmēlum, i		n
	2	Acētārium, ii		n
	2	Acētum, i		n
	2	Oleum, i		n
	4	Intinctus, ūs		m
	1	Mūria, æ		f

Other Words therè are that signifie a Sausage, as *Isi-*
sum and *Apexabo*; but I made choice of this, because
the *Italians* at this Day call a Sausage *Luganica*.

Verjuice

Verjuice of Grapes
Verjuice of Crabs

2 Omphacium, ii
 1 Agresta, æ

XVI.

Of Drinks.

Drink
 a Draught

Wine

New Wine

Dead Wine

White Wine

Claret Wine

Sack

Canary

Wormwood Wine

Mead or Metheglin

Sider

Perry

Beer or Ale

Beverage

a Brewer

Dregs

Strong water

a Pot

a Flagon

a Beaker

a Bowl

a Jug or Cup

a Bottle or Jack

a Chalice

a Can or Tankard

a Glass

a Butler

a Cup-bearer

De Potu.

Potus, ūs
 4 Haustus, ūs

2 Vinum, i

2 Mustum, i

1 Vappa, æ

2 Vinum Gallicum

2 Vinum Gallic. rubr.

2 Vinum Hispanicum

2 Vinum Canariense

2 Vinum Absinthiacum

2 Mulsum, i

1 Melites, æ

1 Apites, æ

1 Cerevisia, æ

1 Posca, æ

2 Cerevisiarius, ii

3 Fæx, fæcis,

1 Aqua ardens

2 Pœulum, i

1 Lăgēna, æ

3 Crater, ēris

1 Pătēra, æ

2 Scyphus, i

3 Uter, tris

3 Călix, icis

2 Cantharus, i

2 Poculum vitreum

2 Prœmus, i

1 Pincerna, æ

XVII.

Of Apparel.		<i>De Vestitu.</i>	
Garment	3	V Estis, is	f
Cloathing	4	Vestitus, ūs	m
	2	Pannus, i	m
	2	Linteum, i	m
	2	Cānnābeum, i	n
	2	Xylīnum, i	n
	2	Gossīpium, ii	n
	2	Sēricum, i	n
	2	Hōlōsericum, i	n
	2	Saccus, i	m
	2	Gālērus, i	m
	1	Spira, æ	f
	2	Pileus, i	m
	3	Cāpītal, alis	n
	1	Plāgū, la, æ	f
	2	Rēticŭlum, i	m
	1	Vitta, æ	f
	2	Flabellum, i	n
	1	Umbella, æ	f
	2	Pēplum, i	n
	3	Inauris, is	f
	3	Mōnīle, is	n
	3	Torquis, is	com.
	1	Armilla, æ	f
	1	Bractea, æ	f
	3	Collāre, is	n
	1	Intērŭla, æ f	Indŭsium
	1	Sŭbŭcŭla, æ f	(ii n
	3	Pectōrale, is	n
	3	Diplois, idis	f
	1	Mānica, æ	f
	1	Braccæ, arum	f
	1	Fībŭla, æ	f
	1	Ligŭla, æ	f
	2	Cingŭlum, i	n

a Skirt	1 Fimbria, æ
a Gown	1 Töga, æ
a Coat	1 Tünica, æ
a Loose Gown	1 Stöla, æ
a Jacket	1 Tünicüla, æ
a Cloak	2 Pallium, i
a short Cloak	3 Chlāmys, ydis
a Cassock	2 Sägum, i
an Apron	3 Præcinctörium, ü
Stockings	3 Tibialia, ium
a Garter	1 Fascia, crürälis.
a Boot	1 Ocrea, æ
a spur	3 Cälcar, äris
a shoe	2 Calceus, i
a shoe-latchet	1 Corrigia, æ
a slipper	1 Crëpida, æ
a sole	1 Sölea, æ
Socks	2 Soccî, orum
a Buskin	2 Cöthurnus, i
a Glove	1 Chiröthëca, æ
a Hook or Clasp	2 Uncus, i
an Eye	2 Ocellus, i
a Ring	2 Annulus, i
a Veil	2 Vëlum, i
a Handkerchief	2 Sūdarium, ii
a Bodkin	4 Acus, crinalis
a Pocket	2 Löcülus, i
Stilts	1 Grallæ, arum

XVIII.

Of Buildings.

De Ædificiis, & eorū
partibus.

A Building
a City
a Gate
a Portcullis

2 **Æ** Difīcium;
3 Urbs, bis
1 Porta, æ
1 Cătaracta, æ

ower	3 Turris, is	f
astle	3 Arx, arcis	f
ouse	4 Dŏmus, ũs	f
alace	2 Palātium, ii	72
ottage	1 Cāla, æ	f
nduit	4 Aquæductus, ũs	772
nduit-pipe	2 Tŭbus, i	772
n Hospital	2 Ptŏchŏtrophŭm, ii	72
ollege	2 Collĕgium, ii	72
ibrary	1 Bibliothĕca, æ	f
ourt or Sessions-house	1 Cŭria, æ	f
Exchange	2 Cambium, ii	72
agaz'n or Store-house	2 Rĕpŏfitŏrium, ii	72
enate-house	2 Sĕnācŭlum, i	72
eligious house or	2 Mŏnāstĕrium, ii	72
1 nastery	(ticus, ũs f	
isters	2 Pĕristylum, ii, 72 por=	
ay-house	2 Theātrum, i	72
mnis-Court or Bowling-	2 Sphæristĕrium, ii,	72
lly		
ace	2 Stādium, ii	72
stand	3 Carcĕres, um	772
Goal	1 Mĕta, æ	f
Inn	2 Diverfŏrium, ii	72
avern	1 Tābĕrna vīnāria	f
istituallng-house	1 Caupŏna, æ	f
ooks-Shop	1 Pŏpina, æ	f
Shop or Work-house	1 Offīcīna, æ	f
Shambles	2 Mācellum, i	72
Apothecaries Shop	2 Pharmācŏpŏlium, ii	72

Of Hospitals or Alms-houses there are several sorts, either for the Poor only, and then they are called Ptochotrophia and Ptochodochia; or for the entertaining of Strangers and poor Travellers, and such are called Xenodochia; or for the Reception and Cure of the Diseased, Wounded, &c. and those are called Nosocomia.

50 DICTIONARIOLUM.

<i>A Jail or Prison</i>	3 Carcer, ēris
<i>An House of Correction</i>	2 Ergastūlum, i
<i>A Pair of Stocks</i>	2 Cippus, i
<i>A Pillory</i>	1 Nūmella, æ
<i>A Gallows</i>	2 Pātībūlum, i
<i>A Market-place</i>	2 Fōrum, i
<i>A Town</i>	2 Oppīdum, i
<i>A Street</i>	1 Plātēa, æ
<i>A Lane</i>	2 Vicus, i
<i>An Ally or narrow Lane</i>	4 Angīportus, ūs
<i>A Country Town or Village</i>	2 Pāgus, i
<i>A Booth</i>	2 Tentōrium, ii
<i>A Fold</i>	1 Cāula, æ f 2 stabulū
<i>A Stalle</i>	3 Equile, is n 3 lumina
<i>A Rack</i>	3 Præsepē, is
<i>A Manger</i>	1 Hāra, æ
<i>A Swine-sty</i>	3 Cors, cortis.
<i>A Coop or Pen</i>	2 Ecclumbarium, ii
<i>A Pigeon-house</i>	1 Aulæ, æ
<i>A Hall</i>	1 Cūlina, æ f (c)
<i>A Kitchen</i>	3 Conclavediscubītō
<i>A Parlour</i>	2 Plansōrium, ii
<i>A Dining-Room</i>	2 Cūbīcūlum, i
<i>A Bed-chamber</i>	3 Pēnētrale is
<i>An Inner-Room</i>	3 Conclave, is
<i>a Closet or any Room</i>	
<i>in general</i>	
<i>a Study</i>	2 Mūfēum, i
<i>a Privy or House of Office</i>	1 Latrina, æ
<i>a Cellar</i>	1 Cella, æ
<i>a Buttery or store-house</i>	2 Promptuārium, ii
<i>a Larder</i>	2 Carnārium, ii
<i>a Garret or upper-Room</i>	2 Cœnācūlum, i
<i>a Gallery</i>	1 Pergūla, æ
<i>a Bake-house</i>	2 Pistrinum, i
<i>a Mill</i>	1 Mōla, æ
<i>a Bridge</i>	3 Lāter, ēris

Tile	1 Tēgūla, æ	f
Shingle	1 Scandūla, æ	f
Plaster	3 Calx, cis	f
Plaster or parget	2 Tectōrium, ii	72
Mortar	2 Intritum, i	72
Lay	2 Lūtum, i	72
Grabbish	3 Rūdus, ēris	72
Foundation	2 Fundamentum, i	72
Wall	3 Pāries, ētis	712
Pillar	1 Cōlumna, æ	f
Corner	2 Angūlus, i	712
Porch	2 Vestibūlum, i	72
Penthouse	2 Complūvium, ii	72
Gate	1 Jīnua, æ	f
Door	2 Ostium, ii	72
Knocker or Ring of a Door	3 Cornix, icis	f
Latch	2 Claustrum, i	72
Bar	2 Rēpāgūlum, i	72
Sink	1 Rīma, æ	f
Fore-door	2 Anticum, i	72
Back-door	2 Posticum, i	72
Lock	1 Sēra, æ	f
Key	3 Clāvis, is	713
Bolt	3 Obex, icis, & pessūlus i	
Hinge	3 Cardo, inis,	com.
Lintel	3 Sūperlimīnāre, is	72
Post	3 Postis, is	713
Wicket	2 Ostiōlum, i	72
Sliding-doors	1 Valvæ, arum	f
Threshold	3 Līmen, inis	72
Window	1 Fēnestra, æ	f
Enfement	1 Transenna, æ	f
Lattice	2 Cancelli, orum	712
Roof of an house	2 Tectum, i	72
Ridge	2 Fastigium, ii	72
Eave	2 Suggrundium, ii	72
E	2	713

an arch
 a vaulted Roof
 a Prop
 a Beam
 a Rafter
 a Board
 a Nail
 a Lath
 a Pin or Peg
 a Story
 a Pavement
 The Floor
 Stairs
 Winding stairs
 a Step or Round
 a Ceiling
 a Chimney
 a Hearth
 a Furnace
 an Oven

3 Fornix. icis,
 3 Liquear. aris
 3 Tibicen, inis
 3 Trabs, abis
 2 Tignum, i
 1 Tabula, æ
 2 Clvus, i
 2 Asserculus, i
 2 Paxillus, i
 3 Contignatio, onis,
 2 Pavimentum, i
 2 Solum, i
 1 Scalæ. arum
 1 Scalæ cochlides
 4 Gradus, us
 3 Concameratio, onis
 2 Caminus, i
 2 Foculus, i
 3 Fornax, acis
 2 Furnus, i

XIX.

OF GOD.

G O D
 The God-head
 Lord
 Lordship
 An attribute
 infinite
 Eternal
 Blessed
 Perfect
 Simple
 Immutable
 Incomprehensible
 Essence
 Unity

De D E O.

D E U S, i
 3 Deitas, atis
 2 Dominus, i
 2 Dominium, ii
 1 Attributum, i
 Infinitus, i
 Æternus, i
 Beatus, i
 Perfectus, i
 Simplex, icis
 Immutabilis, is
 Incomprehensibilis
 1 Essentia, æ
 3 Unitas, atis

Person	1 Persōna, æ	f
Trinity	3 Trinītas, atis	f
FATHER	3 Pāter, tris	m
begotten	Ingēnītus, i	m
Creator	3 Creātor, ōris	m
Creation	3 Creatio, ōnis	f
SON	2 Filius, ii	m
begotten	Gēntīus, i	m
Jesus	Jēsus, u	m
Christ	2 Christus, i	m
Redeemer	3 Rēdemptor, ōris	m
Redemption	3 Rēdemptio, ōnis	f
Price	2 Prētium, ii	n
Saviour	3 Salvātor, ōris	m
Salvation	3 Salvatio, ōnis	f
Mediator	3 Mēdiator, ōris	m
Incarnation	3 Incarnatio, ōnis	f
Conception	3 Conceptio, ōnis	f
Activity	3 Nātivitas, atis	f
Temptation	3 Tentatio, ōnis	f
Transfiguration	3 Transfiguratio, ōnis	f
Cross	3 Crux, cis	f
Crucifixion	3 Crūcifixio, ōnis	f
Miracle	2 Mirācūlum, i	n
Resurrection	3 Rēurrectio, ōnis	f
Ascension	3 Ascensio, ōnis	f
Intercession	3 Intercessio, ōnis	f
Judge	3 Jūdex, icis	com.
Judgment	2 Jūdicum, ii	n
Heaven	2 Cœlum, i	n
Glory	1 Glōria, æ	f
Hell	2 Infernus, i	m
Torment	2 Tormentum, i	n
HOLY GHOST	4 Spīritus Sanctus	m
Proceeding	Prōcēdens, tis	m
Sanctifier	3 Sanctīficator, ōris	m
Comforter	3 Consōlator, ōris	m

a Gift
Grace

2 Dōnum, i
1 Grātia, æ

XX.

Of Created Spirits.

De Spiritibus Creatis.

A *Angel*
a Spirit

1 **A** *Ngelus* i
4 **A** *Spīitus, ūs*

a Saint

2 *Sanctus, i*

The Devil

2 *Diabolus, i*

a Fiend

1 *Fūria, æ*

a Bugbear

2 *Terricūlāmentum, i*

an apparition

2 *Spectrum, i*

a Witch

1 *Siga, æ*

a Conjuror

1 *Exorcista, æ*

a Soul

1 *Anīma, æ*

The { *Vegetative*
 Sensitive
 Rational } *Soul.*

{ *Vēgetativa, æ*
 Sensitiva, æ
 Ratiōnalis, is

a Man

2 *Vir, vīri*

a Woman

3 *Mūlier, ēris*

XXI.

Of the Faculties of
the Soul.

*De Facultatibus
Animæ.*

(I.)

Of the Senses and their
Objects.

*De Sensibus & eorum
Objectis.*

T *He SIGHT*
Light

4 **V** *lūs, ūs*
3 *Lux, lūcis*

The Brightness

3 *Splendor, ōris*

Darkness

1 *Tenebræ, arum*

Shadow

1 *Umbra, æ*

Colour

3 *Cōlor, ōris*

White

Albus a, um

Black

Niger, a, um

ay
d
low
e
ple
wn
tri-coloured
SMELL
scent or smell
Sweet smell
Stink
TAST
Relish
et
ter
re
HEARING
Sound
TOUCH or feel-
ng
d
ist
y
ick
in
avy
ht
rd
t
ugh
ttle
at
ld
ifture
riness

Cānus, a, um, cæsius, a,
Rūber, bra, brum (um
Flāvus, a, um

Cærūleus, a, um

Purpūreus, a, um

Fuscus, a, um

Discolor, ōris. *omn. gen*

4 °Odōrātus, ūs *m*

3 °Odor, ōris *m*

1 Frāgrantia, æ *f*

3 Fœtor, ōris *m*

4 Gustus, ūs *m*

3 Sāpor, ōris *m*

Dulcis. *m f. e* *n*

°Amārus, a, um

°Acīdus, a, um

4 Audītus, ūs *m*

2 Sōnus, i *m*

4 Tactus, ūs *m*

Cālidus, a um

Frīgīdus, a um

Hūmīdus, a, um

Siccus, a, um

Densus, a, um

Rārus, a, um

Grāvis, e, is

Lēvis, e, is

Dūrus, a, um

Mollis, e, is

Lentus, a, um

Frāgīlis, e, is

The Substantives of these are,

3 Cālor, ōris *m*

3 Frigus, ōris *n*

3 Hūmīditas, ātis *f*

3 Siccitas

Thick-

Thicknesſ	3 Densitas
Thinneſſ	3 Raritas
Heavineſſ	3 Gravitās
Lightneſſ	3 Levitas
Hardneſſ	5 Dūrities, ei
Softneſſ	5 Mollities
Toughneſſ	3 Lentor, ōris
Brittlenesſ	3 Frāgilitas

II.

Of the Underſtanding,
Will and Affections.

THE MIND
The Underſtanding

Reason
Knowledge
Ignorance
The Conſcience
Judgment
Counſel
Prudence
Indiſcretion
Wiſdom
Folly
A Fool
Art
Experience
Unſkilful
Faith or belief
Opinion
Error or Miſtake
Suspicion
Doubting
Admiration or wondering
The WILL
Liberty
The AFFECTIONS
or Paſſions

*De Intellectu, Volunta-
& Affectibus.*

3 **M**ens, tis
4 Intellectus, ū
3 Rātio, ōnis
1 Scientia, æ
1 Ignōrantia, æ
1 Conſcientia, æ
2 Jūdicium, ii
2 Conſilium, ii
1 Prūdentia, æ
1 Imprudentia, æ
1 Sāpientia, æ
1 Stultitia, æ
2 Stultus, i
3 Ars, artis
1 Expērientia, æ
Inexpertus, a um
5 Fides, ei
3 Opinio, ōnis
3 Error, ōnis
3 Suspīcio, ōnis
3 Dūbītatio, ōnis
3 Admiratio, ōnis
3 Vōluntas, atis
3 Libertas, atis
4 Affectus, uum

Trust	1 Fiducia, æ	f
Love	3 Amor, ōris	m
Hatred	2 Odium, ii	n
	2 Gaudium, ii	n
Grief	3 Dolor, ōris	m
Joy	1 Lætitia, æ	f
Kindness	1 Tristitia, æ	f
Fearfulness	3 Hilāritas, ātis	f
Desire	2 Dēsidērium, ii	n
Flight	1 Fūga, æ	f
Madness	1 Audācia, æ	f
Despair	3 Despērātio, ōnis	f
Anger	1 Ira, æ	f
Measure	3 Vōluptas, atīs	f
Revenge	1 Vindiċta, æ	f
Shame	3 Pūdor, ōris	m
Hope	5 Spes, ei	f
Fear	3 Tīmor, ōris	m
Envy	1 Invidia, æ	f
Kindness	1 Mifericordia, æ	f
Scorn or Contempt	4 Contemptus, ūs	m
Penitance	1 Pœnitentia, æ	f

XXII.

Of Moral Virtues and Vices.

De Virtutibus Moralibus & Vitiis.

Virtue	3 Virtus, ūtis	f
Vice	2 Vitium, ii	n
	Pius, a, um	
Modesty	3 Piētas, atis	f
Godlessness	3 Impiētas, ātis	f
Honesty	Prōbus, i	m
	3 Probitas, ātis	f
Good	Bōnus, a, um	
Bad	Mālus, a, um	
Customs	3 Mōres, um	m
Custom	3 Consuētūdo, inis	f
	Prosperity	

§8 DICTIONARIOLUM.

<i>Prosperity</i>	5 Res prosp̄eræ
<i>Adversity</i>	5 Res adversæ
<i>A Sin</i>	2 Peccatum, i
<i>An Offence</i>	2 Scandalum, i,
<i>An Oversight</i>	2 Delictum, i
<i>Villany or Wickedness</i>	3 Scelus, ěris
<i>A Villain</i>	2 Furcifer, ěri
<i>Happiness</i>	3 Felicitas, atis
<i>Misery</i>	1 Miseria, æ
<i>Reward</i>	2 Præmium, ii
<i>Punishment</i>	1 Pœna, æ
<i>Temperance</i>	1 Temp̄erantia, æ
<i>Pleasure</i>	3 Völuptas, atis
<i>Sobriety</i>	3 Söbrietas, atis
<i>A Glutton</i>	3 Hēluo, ōnis
<i>Gluttony</i>	5 Inglūvies, ei
<i>Drunkennes</i>	3 -Ebrietas, atis
<i>Drunk</i>	Ebrius, a um
<i>A Drunkard</i>	Ebriōsus, a, um
<i>A Good Fellow</i>	3 Combībo, ōnis
<i>A Sluggard</i>	2 Somnīcūlōsus, i
<i>Cleanliness</i>	5 Mundities, ei
<i>Chastity</i>	3 Castitas, atis
<i>Lust</i>	3 Libido, ĩnis
<i>Wantonness</i>	1 Lascivia, e
<i>Adultery</i>	2 Adult̄erium, ii
<i>An Adulterer</i>	2 -Adulter, ěri
<i>Fornication</i>	3 Fornicat̄o, ōnis
<i>A Baud</i>	3 Lēro, ōnis
<i>A Whore</i>	3 Meretrix, icis
<i>A Harlot</i>	3 Follēx, icis
<i>Riches</i>	1 Divitiæ, arum
<i>Poverty</i>	3 Paupertas, atis
<i>Want</i>	1 Inŕipia, æ
<i>Magnificence</i>	1 Magnifi entia, æ
<i>Magnificent</i>	2 Magnificus, i
<i>Liberality</i>	3 Liberalitas, atis

Gift	3 Bēnignitas, ātis	f
Present	1 Eleēmōfyna, æ	f
Gift	2 Dōnum, i	m
Present	3 Mūnus, ēris	m
Gift	Frūgi, <i>indecl.</i>	
Equality or Thrift	1 Parfīmōnia, æ	f
Charity	3 Chāritas, ātis	f
Good-turn	2 Bēnēficiūm, ii	m
Ill-turn	2 Maleficiūm, ii	m
Generousness	1 Luxūria, æ	f
Prodigality	3 Prōdigalitas, ātis	f
Greivousness	1 Avaritia, æ	f
Greivous	Avārus, i	m
Diligence	1 Diligentia, æ	f
Diligent	Dilīgens, tis	m
Negligence	1 Negligentia, æ	f
	-Otiōfus, a, um	
Idleness	1 Ignāvia, æ	f
Idleness	1 Pīgritia, æ	f
Honour	3 Hōnor, ōris	m
Glory	1 Glōra, æ	f
Praise	3 Laus, dis	f
Praise	2 Vitūpērium, ii	m
Reputation	1 Fāma, æ	f
Reputation	3 Existimatio, ōnis	f
Disgrace	3 Dēdēcus, ōris	m
Disgrace	1 Ignōminia, æ	f
Generosity	3 Magnanimitas, ātis	f
Generous	Magnānīmus i	m
Ambition	3 Ambitio, ōnis	f
Haughtiness	1 Arrōgantia, æ	f
Modesty	1 Mōdestia, æ	f
Boasting	1 Jactanti, æ	f
Impudence	1 Impūdentia, æ	f
Shamefulness	1 Vērēcundia, æ,	
Shameful	Verecundus, a, um	
Forwardness	Prōcax, acis	m

Sauviness	3 Procacitas, atis
Humble	Hūmilis, is
Humility	3 Humilitas, atis
Proud	Sūperbus, i
Pride	1 Superbia, æ
Valiant	Fortis, is
Valour	3 Fortitudo, ūnis
Courage	2 ~Animi, ōrum
Bolanness	1 Audacia, æ
Rashness	3 Tēmēritas, atis
Rash	Temerārius, ii
Patience	1 Patientia, æ
Patient	Patiens, tis
Cowardise	3 Pūstillanimitas, atis
A Coward	Pūstillānimus, i
Justice	1 Iustitia, æ
Just	Iustus, i
A Knave	3 Nēbūlo, ōnis
A Thief	3 Fūr, fūris
A Robber	3 Lātro, ōnis
A Church-Robber	Sacrīlēgus, i
A Cut-purse	1 Crūmēnisēca, æ
A Rogue	Vāgabundus, i
Equity	3 Æquitas, atis
Deceit	3 Fraus, dis
Guile	2 Dōlus, i
Craft	1 Astūtia, æ
Mildness	3 Mansuētūdo, inis
Meekness	1 Clēmētia, æ
Mercy	1 Misericordia, æ
Pitiful	Misēricors, dis
Pardon	1 Vēnia, æ
Forgiveness	3 Rēmīssio, ōnis
Kindness	1 Bēnēvōlentia, æ
Cruelty	1 Sævitia, æ
Strife	3 Lis, iris
Quarreling	3 Contentio, ōnis

iding	2 Jurgium, ii	71
proof	3 Rēprehenſio, ōnis	f
truth	3 Vēritas, ātis	f
truth	Verus, a, um	
nothing	2 Obsēquium, ii	71
Flatterer	3 ~Adūla, tōr, ōris	71
Lier	3 Mendax, ācis	71
Lie	2 Mendācium, ii	71
orator	2 Garrūlus, i	71
ling or prating	3 Garrūlitas, ātis	f
Busie-body	3 Ardēlio, ōnis	71
Trifler	3 Nugātor, ōris	71
lies	1 Nūgæ, arum	f
obedient	-Obēdiens, tīs	71
rebellious	Rēbellis, is	71
born	Contūmax, ācis	71
bornness	1 Contumācia, æ	f
thankful	Grātus, i	71
thankfulness	3 Gratitūdo, īnis	71
thankful	Ingrātus, i	71
thankfulness	3 Ingratitūdo, īnis	f
ility	3 Urbānitas, ātis	f
onishness	3 Ruſticitas, ātis	f
orteous	Cōmis, is	71
ortefie	3 Cōmītas, ātis	f
jest	2 Jōcus, i	71
scoff	3 Scemma, ātis	71
Reproach	2 Opprobrium, ii	71
Mocking-Stock	2 Ludibrium, ii	71
raſhip	1 ~Amicitia, æ	f
enmity	1 ~Inimicitia, æ	f
cord	1 Concordia, æ	f
cord	1 Discordia, æ	f
Grudge	3 Simultas, ātis	f
peace	3 Pax, pācis	f

Of Kindred and Affinity. *De Cognatione & Affinitate.*

A Genealogy
Ancestors
Posterity

Kindred by the Father

Kindred by the Mother

A Father

A Mother

A Grandfather

A Grandmother

Children

A Son

A Daughter

A Grand- } Male
child } Female

A great Grandchild

A Brother

A Sister

Twins

An Uncle by } Father
the } Mother

An Aunt by } Father
the } Mother

A Cusin } Father, he
German } and she
by the } Mother, he
 } and she

Affinity

A Kinsman or Woman by
Marriage

Wedlock

Marriage

Esponsals

G Enealögia, æ
Mājōres, um

Minōres, um

Agnatio, ōnis

Cognatio, ōnis

Pāter, tris

Māter, tris

Avus, i

Avia, æ

Libēri, orum

Filius, ii

Filia, æ

Nēpos, ōtis

Neptis, is

Prōnēpos, ōtis

Frāter, tris

Sōror, ōris

Gēmelli, orum

Patruus, i

Avuncūlus, i

Amīta, æ

Matertēra, æ

Patruelis, is

Consobrinus, i

Consobrina, æ

Affinitas, atis

Affinis, is

Conjūgium, ii

Nuptiæ, arum

Sponsalia, orum

The Superior Degrees in a right Line ascending, &c.

1. *Pronovus.* 2. *Abavus.* 3. *Atavus.* 4. *Tritavus.*

Husband	2	Mārītus, i	m
Wife	3	Uxor, ōris	f
Single Person	3	Cœlebs, ibis	m
Virgin	3	Virgo, inis	f
Bridegroom	2	Sponsus, i	m
Bride	1	Sponsa, æ	f
Brideman	2	Pronūbus, i	m
Bridemaid	1	Pronūba, æ	f
Bridechamber	2	Thālāmus, i	m
Wooer	2	Prōcus, i	m
Widower	2	Viduus, i	m
Widow	1	Vidua, æ	f
Father	2	Sōcer, ěri	m
Mother	4	Socrus, ūs	f
Son	2	Gēner, ěri	m
Daughter	4	Nūrus, ūs	f
Brother	2	Lēvir, iri	m
Sister	3	Glos, ōtis	f
Step	2	Vitrīcus, i	m
	2	Privignus, i	m
	1	Nōverca, æ	f
	1	Privigna, æ	f
Brother's Wife	1	Frātria, æ	f
A Nephew	3	Nepos ex fratre aut sorore	
A Niece	3	Neptis ex fratre aut sorore	
An Heir	3	Hæres, ēdis	m
A Joynt or Co-heir	3	Cohæres, ēdis	m

} *in Law*

Father

Son

Mother

Daughter

The Words *Nephew* and *Niece* are by us now almost wholly restrain'd to the Brothers or Sisters Son and Daughter, notwithstanding *Nepos* and *Neptis* of which they are derived, signifie them we call Grand-children Male and Female. The Antients never used *Nepos* and *Neptis* for the Brother or Sisters Son and Daughters, whom they called *Fratriſ aut Sororiſ filiuſ & filia*.

64 DICTIONARIOLUM

an Inheritance

an Orphan

a Bastard

a Master

a Dame

a Servant

The Master of the House

The Mistress of the House.

a Woman in Childbed

a Mid-wife

a Nurse

an Host

a Guest

3 Hæreditas, atis

2 Orphānus, i

2 Spurius, ii

2 Hærus, i

1 Hera, æ

2 Fāmīlus, i

1 Paterfamilias

1 Materfamilias

1 Puerpëra, æ

3 Obstetrix, icis

3 Nūtrix, icis

3 Hospes, itis

3 Hospes, itis

XXIV.

Of Household-stuff.

U *Tensils*

Furniture

a Cupboard or Side-table

a Seat

a Chair

a Stool

a Bench

a Footstool

a Cushion

a Carpet

a great Chest or Ark

a Chest, Coffer, or Cupboard

a Box

a Trunk

a Cabinet

a Press for Cloaths

a Case

a Basket

an Hand-Basket

a Frail

a Pannier, or Bread-basket

De Supelleſtile.

3 **U** *Tensilia, ūm*

4 **U** *Appārātus, us*

2 Abācus, ci

3 Sēdes, is

1 Cāthēdra, æ

1 Sella, æ

1 Scamnum, i

2 Scābellum, i

2 Pulvīnus, i

3 Tāpes, ēris,

1 Area, æ

1 Cista, æ

3 Pyxis, ūdis

2 Riscus, ci

1 Capſūla, æ

2 Vestiārium, ii

1 Thēca, æ

3 Corbis, is

2 Cālāthus, i

1 Sporta, æ

2 Cānistrum, i

a Flask

Flasket
 Walles
 Vessel
 Washing-tub
 But or Pipe
 Barrel
 Kilderkin
 Runlet
 Bung-hole
 Tap, Spigot, or Stop-cock
 Faucet
 Cock
 Funnel
 Bucket or Pail
 Milk-pail
 Strainer or Colander
 Milk-bowl
 Pump
 Cistern
 Lid or Cover
 n Handle
 Rack or Cob-Iron
 Spit
 Dripping
 Dresser
 Caldron
 Flesh-hook
 Kettle or Pan
 Posnet or Skillet
 Pipkin
 Pot
 Trivet
 Chafing-dish
 Frying-pan
 Trey
 Ladle

2	Qualus, i	712
1	Mantica, cæ	f
3	Vas, vasis	712
	Labrum, i	712
	Culeus, i	712
	Dolium. ii	712
2	Cadus, i	712
	Doliolum, i	712
	-Orificium, ii	712
	Epistomium, ii	712
1	Fistula, æ	f
2	Siphunculus, i	712
2	Infundibulum, i	712
1	Situla, æ	f
3	Multrale, is	712
2	Colum, i	712
2	Sinum, i	712
2	Antlium, ii	712
1	Cisterna, æ	f
2	Operculum, i	712
1	Ansa, æ	f
2	Cratæuterium, ii	712
	Vēru, n	indcc.
3	Liquamen, inis	712
1	Mensa cōquinaria	
3	Lēbes, ētis	712
1	Fuscinula, æ	f
2	Cacabus, i	712
1	Auxilla, æ	f
1	Ollula, æ	f
1	Olla, æ	f
3	Tripes, ōdis	712
2	Foculus, i	712
3	Sartago, inis	f
1	Trulla, æ	f
3	Cochleare majus	712
1	Tūdicula, æ	f
F 3		a Grater

• Grater	1 Radŭla, æ
• Pitcher	2 Urceus, i
• Gridiron	1 Craticŭla, æ
• Morter	2 Mortarium, ii
• Pestle	2 Pistillum, i
• Dish-clout or Mop	2 Pēnicŭlum, i
• Besom	1 Scōpa, æ
• Kneading-trough	1 Mastra, æ
• Fire-shovel	2 Batillus, i
• Warming-pan	3 Forceps, ipis
• pair of Tongues	3 Follis, is
• Pair of Bellows	2 Sulphŭratum, i
• Match	3 Fōmes, itis
Tinder	1 Lŭcerna, æ
• Candle	2 Ellychnium, ii
• Candle-week	2 Candēlabrum, i
• Candle-stick	1 Laterna, æ
• Lanthorn	3 Fax, facis, f Tæda, æ
• Torch	3 Fūnale, is
• Link	3 Lampas, ādis
• Lamp	2 Cēreus, i
• Wax-taper	2 Fungus, i
• Snuff	2 -Emunctōrium, ii,
• pair of Snuffers	2 Extinctōrium, ii
• an Extinguisher	2 Lectus, i
• Bed	1 Sponda, æ
• Bedstead	1 Cortina, æ
• Curtain	2 Aulæa, orum
Hangings	3 Pēristrōma, ātis
• Coverlet	2 Strāgŭlum, i
• Blanket	3 Gauſāpe, is
• Rug	3 I ōdix, icis
• Sheet	3 Téges, ēris
• Mat	2 Stratum, i
• Bed or Quilt	1 Culcitra, æ
• Bed-sike	3 Pulvinar, aris
• Pillow	

Bolster	3	Cervical, alis	n
Canopy	2	Cōnōpēum, i	n
Pallet-bed	2	Grabbatus, i	m
Cradle	1	Cūnæ, arum	f
Rattle	2	Crēpundia, orum	n
Chamber-pot	1	Mātula, æ	f
Close-stool	1	Sella fāmiliaris	
Comb	3	Pecten, inis	m
Brush	1	Scōpŭla, æ	f
Curling-iron	2	Cālamistrum, i	n
Looking-glass	2	Spēcŭlum, i	n
Spectacles	2	Conspicillum, i	n
Thimble	3	Digitale, is	n
Needle	4	Acus, ūs	f
Needles-eye	3	Fōramen, acus	
Pin	1	Acicŭla, æ	f
Distaff	2	Cōlus, i	f
Spindle	2	Fŭsus, i	m
Wheel	2	Verticillus, i	m
Reel	2	Rhombus, i	m
pair of Sheers or Scissors	3	Forfex, icis	f
Purse	1	Crŭmēna, æ	f
Bottom of Yarn	2	Glōmus, i	m
Thread	2	Filum, i	f
Tooth-pick	2	Dentiscalpium, ii	n
Ear-pick	2	Auriscalpium, ii	n

XXV.

Of a School.		De Schola.	
A School-master	2	L Udīmāgister, tri	(m)
Usher	2	Hypōdidascālus, i	m
Master	3	Præceptor, ōris	m,
		Magister.	
Scholar	2	Discipŭlus, i	m
School-fellow	2	Condiscipŭlus, i	m
The Master's Chair	1	Cāthedra, æ	f

* Form

a Form	3 Classis, is
a Seat	2 Subsellium, ii
A Desk or a Press for Books	2 Plũteus, i
Teaching	3 Institũtio, ōnis
Learning	1 Disciplĩna, æ
a Book	2 Lĩber, bri
Writing-tables	3 Pũgillares, ium
a Leaf	2 Fũlium, ii
a Side	1 Pagiĩna, æ
a Margin	3 Margo, ĩnis
a cover of a Book	2 Tẽgũmentum, i
a PRINTER	2 Ty-pogrãphus, i
a Printing-press	2 Prẽlum, i
a Composer	1 Ty-põthẽta, æ
a Title of a Book	3 Inscriptio, ōnis
a Book-binder	2 Bibliõpẽgus, i
a Bookseller	1 Bibliopõla, æ
Paper	1 Charta, æ
Blotting-paper	1 Charta bĩbũla.
a Sheet of Paper	1 Schẽda, æ
a Quire	2 Scãpus, i
a Rheam	1 Pergãmẽ. a, æ
} of Paper.	2 Enchĩrĩdium, ii
	3 Vũlũmen, ĩnis
Parchment	3 -Opus, ěris
a Manual	2 Cãlamus, i m. seu pen-
a Volume	na scriptõria
a Work	2 Scalpellum, i
a Quill or Pen	2 Pẽnĩcillus, i
a Pen-knife	2 Atramentum, i
a Pencil	2 Atramentarium, ii
Ink	1 Lĩtura, æ
an Inkhorn	3 Scriptio, ōnis
a Blot	3 Chãracter, ěris
Writing	2 Punctum, i
a Character	2 Pẽnĩõdus, i
a Point	
a Period	

Letter	1 Litēra, æ	f
Syllable	1 Syllāba, æ	f
Word	2 Vċcābŭlum, i	n
Sentence	1 Sententia, æ	f
Language	1 Lingua, æ	f
Accent	4 Accentus, ūs	m
Spirit	4 Spīritus, ūs	m
Figure	1 Figura, æ	f
Lesson	3 Lectio, onis	f
Construing	3 Interpretatio, ōnis	f
Parsing	3 Exāminatio, ūnis	f
Rule	1 Rēgŭla, æ	f
Exception	3 Exceptio, ōnis	f
Exercise	2 Exercitium, ii	n
Theme	3 Thēma, ātis	n
Prose	1 Prōsa, æ	f
Verse	3 Carmen, īnis	n
Orator	3 Orator, ōnis	m
Speech or Oration	3 Oratio, ōnis	
Preface	2 Exordium, ii	n
Confirmation	3 Confirmatio, ōnis	f
Confutation	3 Confutatio, ōnis	f
Conclusion	3 Conclusio, ōnis	f
Poet	1 Poēta, æ	m
Poetry	3 Poēsis, is	f
Poem	3 Poēma, ātis	n
Proverb	2 Adāgium, ii	n
Chronicle	3 Annāles, ium	m
Day-book	2 Diārium, ii	n
Calendar	2 Fasti, orum	m
Fable or Tale	1 Fābŭla, æ	f
Table-book	3 Pŭgillātes, ium	m
Trauant	3 -Emanfor, ōnis	m
Dunce	3 Hēbes, ētis	com.
Rod	1 Virga, æ	f
Feruler or Palmer	1 Fērŭla, æ	f

Of the Church and Ecclesiastical Matters.

R *Eligion*
Superstition

A Christian

A Heretick

A Schismatick

A Heathen or Pagan

A Temple

A Church

A Chappel

A Chancel

A Church-porch

A Church-yard

A Vestry

A Pew

A Pulpit

A Bell

An Altar

A Statue

An Image

A Congregation

A Lay-man

A Clergy-man

A Priest

A Parish

A Chaplain

A Deacon

A Bishop

A Diocess

An Elder

A Reader

A Preacher

A Sermon

A Catechism

De Ecclesia & rebus Ecclesiasticis.

R *Eligio, ōnis*
Sūperstitio, ōnis

Christianus, i

Hæreticus, i

Schismaticus, i

Ethnicus, i

Templum, i

Ecclesia, æ

Sacellum, i

Adytum, i

Vestibulum templi

Cœmētērium, ii

Sacrarium, ii

Subsellium, ii

Suggestum, i

Campana, æ

Ara, æ

Statua, æ

Inago, inis

Congregatio, ōnis

Laicus, i

Clēricus, i

Sacerdos, ōtis

Pārochia, æ

Sacellānus, i

Diācōnus, i

Episcōpus, i

Diœcēsis, is

Presbyter, ēri

Lēctor, ōris

Conciōnātor, ōris

Concio, ōnis

Cātēchismus, i

A Church

Church-warden or Sexton	2	Æditiuus, i	m
The Scriptures	1	Scriptūræ, ārum	f
The Bible	2	Biblia, ōrum,	n
The Old	} Testament	Testamen- } Vetus tum } Nōvum	
The New			
Chapter	3	Cāput, itis	n
Verse	4	Versus, ūs	m
Prophet	1	Prōpheta, æ	m
Prophecie	1	Prōphētia, æ	f
An Apostle	2	~Apostōlus, i	m
An Evangelist	2	Evangēlista, æ	m
The Gospel	2	-Evangēlium, ii	n
Saint	2	Sanctus, i	m
Martyr	3	Martyr, ~yris	cc m.
Monk	2	Mōnāchus, i	m
Nun	3	Mōnialis, is	f
An Abbot	3	Abbas, ātis	m
Hermit	1	~Erēmīta, æ	m
Dean	2	Dēcānus, i	m
The Pope	1	Pāpa, æ	m
Fasting	2	Jējūnium, ii	n
Prayers	3	Prēces, um,	f
A Liturgy	1	Liturgia, æ	f
Confession	3	Confessio, ōnis	f
Petition	3	Pētītio, ōnis	f
Deprecation	3	Dēprēcātio. ōnis	f
Thanksgiving	3	Gratiārum actio ōnis	f
Blessing	3	Bēnēdictio, ōnis	f
Singing	3	Cantio, ōnis	f
A Psalm	2	Psalms, i	m
The Psalter	2	Psaltērium, ii	n
An Hymn	2	Hymnus, i	m
An Anthem	1	Antīphōna, æ	f
A Song	1	Cantīlena, æ	f
A Quire	2	Chōrus, i	m
A Singing-man	3	Cantor, ōnis	m
An Organ	2	Orgānum, i	n

<i>a Chanter</i>	3 Præcentor, ōris
<i>a Sacrament</i>	2 Sacramentum, i
<i>Baptism</i>	2 Baptifinus, i
<i>a Font</i>	2 Baptifterium, ii
<i>a Godfather</i>	3 Suſceptor, ōris
<i>a Godmother</i>	3 Suceptrix, icis
<i>a Goffip</i> { <i>He</i>	3 Compāter, tris
{ <i>She</i>	3 Commāter, tris
<i>Circumciſion</i>	3 Circumciſio, ōnis
<i>a Sacrifice</i>	2 Sacrificium, ii
<i>The Paſſover</i>	3 Paſcha, ātis
<i>The Eucharift or Sacrament</i>	1 Euchariftia, æ
<i>of the Lord's Supper.</i>	
<i>Conſecration</i>	3 Conſecratio, onis
<i>Communion</i>	3 Communio, onis
<i>Excommunication</i>	3 Excommūnicatio, nis
<i>Absolution</i>	3 Abſolūtio, ōnis
<i>a Grave</i>	2 Sēpulchrum, i
<i>a Bier</i>	2 Fērētrum, i
<i>a Coffin</i>	2 Cāpūlum, i
<i>a Hearſe</i>	2 Cēnōtāphium, ii
<i>a Monument</i>	2 Mōnūmentum, i
<i>an Epitaph</i>	2 Epītāphium, ii
<i>a Funeral</i>	3 Fūnus, ēris
<i>Funeral-rites</i>	1 Exēquiæ, arum
<i>a Scutcheon</i>	2 Thōlus, i
<i>Burial</i>	1 Sēpultūra, æ

XXVII.

Of Husbandry, and
Country Affairs.

T <i>He Country</i>	
<i>a Country-man</i>	
<i>a Husbandman</i>	
<i>Ground</i>	
<i>a Farm</i>	
<i>a Field</i>	

*De Agricultura & rebus
rūsticis.*

3 R <i>Us, rūris</i>	
2 R <i>Rūsticus, i</i>	
1 <i>Agricōla, æ</i>	
2 <i>Fundus, i</i>	
2 <i>Prædium, ii</i>	
2 <i>Agger, gri</i>	

a Lanā.

Landlord
 Tenant
 Steward or Bailiff
 Labourer or Workman
 Tenable Land
 Turf
 Clod
 Plow-man
 Plow
 Plow-handle
 Plow-share
 Coulter
 Harrow
 Goad
 Furrow
 Ridge
 Sower
 Standing-corn
 Ear of Corn
 Blade
 Harvest
 Sheaf of corn
 Shock of corn
 Gleaning
 Reaper
 Sickle
 Wain
 Cart
 Wheel
 Spoke
 Axle-tree
 Carter or Waggoner

2	Dömnŭs fundi	(lönus, i m
3	Manceps, ipis, c. cö-	
2	Villicus, i	m
2	Opērārius, ii	m
2	Arvum, i	n
3	Cespes, itis	m
1	Glēba, æ	f
2	Fīnus, i	m
3	Arātor, ōris	m
2	Arātrum, i	m
1	Stīva, æ	f
3	Vōmis, ěris	m
2	Culter, tri	m
1	Occa, æ	f
2	Jūgum, i	n
2	Stimūlus i	m
2	Sulcus, i	m
1	Lira, æ	f
3	Sēminator, ōris	m
3	Sēmen, ĩnis	n
3	Sēges, ětis	f
1	Spica, æ	f
2	Culmus, i	m
3	Messis, is	f
3	Fascis spicarum,	
1	Mēsa, æ	f
2	Spīcīlēgium, ii	n
3	Messor, ōris	m
3	Falx, cis	f
1	Stipūla, æ	f
2	Vēhīcūlum, i	n
2	Plaustrum, i	n
1	Rōta, æ	f
2	Rādīus, ii	m
3	Axis, is	m
1	Aurīga, æ	com.

G

a Whip

a Whip	1 Scūtīca, æ
The Reins	1 Habēna, æ
a Barn	2 Horreum, n
a Threshing-floor	1 Arēa, æ
a Thresher	3 Trītor, ōris
a Flail	1 Tribula, æ
a Fan	2 Vannus, i
a Sieve	2 Crībrum, i
Straw	3 Strāmen, īnis
a grain	2 Grānum, i
a Granary	2 Granarium, ii
a sack	2 Saccus, i
Bread-corn	2 Frūmentum, i
Mault	2 Brāsium, ii & Bryne, es
a Pasture	2 Pascuum, ii
a Meadow	2 Prātum, i
Hay	2 Fœnum, i
Hay-Harvest	2 Fœnisēcium, ii
a Mower of Hay	1 Fœnīsēca, æ
a Hay-loft	3 Fænile, is
a Rake	2 Rāstrum, i
a Cart or Wain Load	3 Vehes, is
a Bundle or faggot	3 Fascis, is
a Fork	1 Furca, æ
a Fork with three tines	3 Tridens, tis
a Garden	2 Hortus, i
a Gard'ner	2 Hortūlanus, i
a Garden of Pleasure	2 Pārādīsus, i
an Orchard	2 Pōmārium, ii
a Bank	3 Agger, ĕris
a Wall	2 Murus, i
a Hedge	3 Sēpes, is
a Ditch	1 Fossa, æ
a Digger	3 Fossor, ōris
an arbour	2 Tōpiārium,
a Bed in a Garden	2 Pulvillus, i m Arcū-
	la, æ

Spade	3 Ligo, ōnis	m
Shovel	1 Pāla, æ	f
How	2 Sarcūlum, i	m
Pick-axe	2 Rūtrum, i	m
Mattock	2 Bīpalium, ii	m
Pruning-hook	3 Falx pūcātōria	
Prop	1 Fulcrum, i	m
Roller	2 Cylindrus, i	m
Wheel-barrow	2 Vehīculum trāsātīle	
Hand-barrow	2 Vehīculum mānuāle	
Wood	1 Sylva, æ	f
Grove	2 Lūcus, i	m
Nursery	2 Sēmīnārium, ii	m
Park	2 Vivārium fērar,um	f
Heath	2 Erīcētum, i	m

XXVIII.

Of Warfare.

De Re Militari.

WAR		
W	B ellum, i	m
Peace	3 Pax, pacis	f
A Truce	1 Induciæ, arum	f
Warfare	1 Militia, æ	f
An Enemy	3 Hostis, is	m
A Friend	2 Sōcius, ii	m
Pay	2 Stīpendum, ii	m
Forces	1 Copiæ, arum	f
An Army	4 Exercitus, us	m
A Regiment	3 Lēgio, ōnis	f
A Troop of Horse	1 Turma,	f
A Company of foot	3 Cohors tis, f Centuria	
A Band or Squadron of	2 Mānīpūlus, i	
A Brigade (Soldiers	3 Agmen, īnis	m
A General	3 Impērātor, ōris	m
A Colonel	2 Tribūnus,	m
A Captain	3 Dux, dūcis	m
A Captain of an hundred	3 Centūrio, ēnis	m
A Lieutenant	Lōcum tenens	

a Corner or Ensign	2 Vexillifer, eri, m signi
a Banner or Colours	2 Vexillum, i n signi
a Trumpeter	3 Tübicen, inis
a Drummer	1 Tympanista, æ
a Serjeant	3 Dëcurio, ðnis
a Quarter-master	3 Mensor, ðris
The Round	3 Circitores, um
a Soldier	3 Miles, itis
a Common Soldier	3 Miles grëgärius
a Horseman or Trooper	3 Eques, itis
a Footman	3 Pëdes, itis
The Cavalry	4 Equitatus, ùs
The Infantry	4 Peditatus, ùs
an Archer	2 Sagittarius, ii
a Pikeman	2 Hastätus, i
a Musketeer	2 Sclopëtaricus, ii
a Scout or Spy	3 Explorator, oris
a Sentinel	3 Stätionarius miles
The Guard or Watch	1 Excübix, arum
a Battel	2 Prælium, ii
a Fight	1 Pugna, æ
Challenging	3 Provöcatio, ðnis
a Duel	1 Mönömachia, æ
an Assault	3 Impressio, ðnis
an Expedition	3 Expeditio, ðnis
a Skirmish	3 Velitatio, ðnis
a Retreat	4 Rëceptus, ùs
a Flight	1 Fūga, æ
an Ambush	1 Insidiæ, arum
a Victory	1 Victöria, æ
a Slaughter	3 Strages, is
a Prisoner	2 Captivus, i
Plundering	3 Dirëptio, ðnis
Spoil	2 Spölia, ðrum
Prey or Booty	1 Præda, æ
a Siege	3 Obsidio, ðnis
a Mine	2 Cūniculus, i

Hostage	3 Obses, idis	comm.
Camp	2 Castra, ōrum	72
Garrison	2 Præsidium, ii	72
Bulwark	3 Agger, eris	72
Fort or Out-work	2 Propugnaculum, i	72
Tent	2 Tentorium, ii	72
Forage	2 Pabulum, i	72
Sword	2 Gladius, ii	72
Dagger	3 Pugio, ōnis	f
Scabbard	1 Vagina, æ	f
Belt	2 Baltheus, i	72
Dart	2 Telum, i	72
Pipe	1 Hasta, æ	f
Halberd	3 Bipennis, is	f
Bow	4 Arcus, ūs	72
Bow-String	2 Nervus, i	72
Arrow	1 Sagitta, æ	f
Quiver	1 Pharetra, æ	f
Sling	1 Funda, æ	f
Club	1 Clava, æ	f
Piece of Ordnance	2 Tormentum majus	
Gun	1 Bombarda, æ	f
Musket	2 Sclopetum, ŷ	72
Bullet	3 Glans, dis, plumbea	
Match	3 Fomes igniarius	
Gun-Powder	3 Pulvis tormentarius	
Helmet or Head-piece	1 Galea	f
Breast Plate	3 Thorax, acis	72
Buckler	2 Clypeus, i	72
Shield	2 Scutum, i	72
Disbanding or Cassiering	3 Milio, onis	f
Muster	2 Armilustrium, ii	72

XXIX.

Of Shipping and Navigation.

De Re Navali.

A Navy
a Ship

3 **C**lassis, is f
3 **C**Navis, is f

2 **G**

6 **A**

78 DICTIONARIOLUM.

• Merchant-man	3 Navis ōnēraria,	
• Man of War	3 Navis bellica, (is,	
• Galley	3 Navis longa, Trēm	
• Skiff or Cock-boat	1 Scāpha, æ	
• Fisher-boat	1 Cymba, æ	
• Boat	1 Navicūla, æ	
• Ferry-boat	3 Ponto, ōnis	
• Ferry-man	3 Portitor, ōris	
The Keel of a Ship	1 Cārīna, æ	
The Stem or Prow	1 Prora, æ	
The Stern or Poop	3 Puppis, is	
The Hull or Hulk	2 Alveus, i m (cūlum	
The Helm or Rudder	2 Clavus, i m Gūberna-	
The Decks	2 Fōri, ōrum Tabulatū-	
• Rower	3 Rēmex, īgis, c (navis	
an Oar	2 Rēmns. i	m
• Sail	2 Vēlum, i	n
The Sail-yard	1 Antenna, æ	f
The Mast	2 Malūs, i	m
The Main-sail	3 Arrēmon, ōnis	m
The Fore sail	3 Dōlon, ōnis	m
The Mizzen-sail	2 Epidrōmus, i	m
• Rope	3 Fūnis, is	m
• Cable	3 Rūdēns, tis	dub
an Anchor	1 Anchōra, æ	
Ballast	1 Sāburra, æ	
The Master of a Ship	2 Nauclerus, i	m
The Pilot	3 Gūbernator, ōris	m
• Mariner	1 Naura, æ	m
• Common Seaman	2 Sōcius Nāvalis	
• Passenger	3 Vēctor, oris	m
Freight	2 Naulum, i	n
Shipwreck	2 Naufrāgium, ii	n
A Shipwright	2 Naupegus, i	m
A Seafight	1 Naumāchia, æ	f
An Admiral	2 Archithalassus, i	m
The Cargo, or lading of a Ship	3 Onus, ēris	n

A merchant	3 Mercator, ōris	m
The Sink	1 Sentīna, æ	f
The Compass	1 Pyxidūla, nautica	f
The sounding Line	3 Bōlis, īdis	f
The Flag	3 Aplustre, is	n

XXX.

Of Arts Liberal and Mechanic.

De Artibus Liberalibus & Mechanicis.

P hilosophy	1 P Hilōsōphia, æ	f
A Philosopher	2 Philosophus, i	m
Grammar	1 Grammātica, æ	f
Logick	1 Lōgica, æ	f
A Logician	2 Logicus, i	m
Rhetorick	1 Rhētōrica, æ	f
Eloquence	1 -Eloquentia, æ	f
Musick	1 Mūsica, æ	f
Harmony	1 Harmōnia, æ	f
A Note or Tane	2 Tōnus, i	m
A Fiddle	3 Fides, dis	f
A Fiddle-string	1 Chorda, æ	f
A Quill	2 Plectrum, i	n
A Lute,	1 Cithāra, æ	f
A Viol	1 Pandūra, æ	f
† An Harp	1 Lyra, æ	f
A Pipe	1 Tibia, æ	f
A Piper	3 Tibicen, īnis	m
A Whistle	1 Fistula, æ	f
A Taber or Drum	2 Tympanum, i	n
Arithmetick	1 Arithmētica, æ	f
A Number	2 Nūmērus, i	m
Astronomy	1 Astrōnōmia, æ	f
An Astronomer	2 Astrōnōmus, i	m
Astrology	1 Astrologia, æ	f

† H. Stephens makes *Psalterium*, which we English
a Psalter, to be the same Instrument which we
in English call a Harp.

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<i>An Astrologer</i>	2 Astrolōgus, i	
<i>A Lawyer</i>	2 Jurisconsultus, i	m
<i>A Sophister</i>	1 Sōphista, æ	m
<i>A stage-player</i>	3 Histrio, ōnis	m
<i>A Stage</i>	2 Theātrum, i	m
<i>A Vizard</i>	1 Larva, æ	f
<i>A Comedy</i>	1 Cōmœdia, æ	f
<i>A Comedian</i>	2 Cōmicus, i	m
<i>A Tragedy</i>	1 Tragœdia, æ	f
<i>A Tragedian</i>	2 Tragicus, i	m
<i>An History</i>	1 Histōria, æ	m
<i>An Historian</i>	2 Histōricus, ci	m
<i>An Artificer or Trades-man</i>	4 Artifex, icis	m
<i>A Work-man or Handi- crafts-man</i>	3 Opifex, icis	m
<i>A Farrier</i>	2 Vēterinarius, ii	m
<i>A Hatter or Capper</i>	2 Coactiliarius, ii	m
<i>A Goldsmith</i>	3 Aurifex, icis	m
<i>A Stone-cutter</i>	1 Lāpicida, æ	m
<i>A Chisel or graving-tool</i>	3 Celtis, is	m
<i>A Trowel</i>	1 Trulla, æ	f
<i>A Painter</i>	3 Pictor, ōris	m
<i>A Pencil</i>	2 Pēnicillus, i	m
<i>A Potter</i>	2 Figūlus, i	m
<i>A Butcher</i>	2 Lānius, ii	m
<i>A Cook</i>	2 Cōquus, i	m
<i>A Baker</i>	3 Pistor, ōris	m
<i>A Miller</i>	3 Mōlitor, ōris	m
<i>A Fuller</i>	3 Fullo, ōnis	m
<i>A Dyer</i>	3 Tinctor, ōris	m
<i>A Weaver</i>	3 Textor, ōris	m
<i>A Loom</i>	3 Textrinum, i	
<i>A Web</i>	2 Tēla, æ	f
<i>The Warp</i>	3 Stāmen, inis	m
<i>The Woof</i>	3 Subtegmen, inis	m
<i>A Tarn-Windle</i>	2 Alābrum, i	m
* <i>A Carpenter</i>	2 Faber lignarius	
* <i>A Blacksmith</i>	2 Faber ferrarius	m

<i>An Hammer</i>	2 Malleus, i	m
<i>An Anvil or Styth</i>	3 Incus, ūdis,	f
<i>A Smiths Vice, or</i>	1 Cochlea, æ	f
<i>A Screw</i>		
<i>A File</i>	1 Lima, æ	f

" After the same manner several other Trades and Manufactures are denominated from the Subject or Matter about which they are conversant, as,

Cuprum, signifying Copper, a Copper-Smith. may be called *Faber Cuprarius*.

Æs, a Brasier, *Ærarius*.

Stannum, a Pewterer, *Stannarius*.

Plumbum, a Plummer, *Plumbarius*.

Arma, an Armourer, *Armamentarius*.

Vitrum, a Glasier, *Vitrarius*.

Culter, a Cutler, *Cultrarius*.

Gladius, a Sword-Cutler, *Gladiarius*.

Clavus, a Lock-smith, *Claviarius*. (*Materiaris*

Materia, Signifying Timber, a Wood-monger

Restis, a Rope-maker, *Restiarius* and *Restionis*

Candela, a Chandler, *Candelarius*.

Vinum, a Vintner, *Vinarius*.

From *Popina*, a Victualer, *Popinarius*

Aviis, a Poulterer, *Aviarius*.

Pomum, a Costard-monger, *Pomarius*.

Oleum, an Oil-seller, *Olearius*

Farina, a Meal-man, *Farinarius*.

Sericum, a Silk-man, *Sericarius*.

Aromata, a Grocer, *Aromatarius*.

Zena, a Girdler, *Sonarius*.

Chirotheca, a Glover, *Chirothecarius*.

Caliga, a Hosier, *Caligarius*.

Sella, a Sadler, *Sellarius*.

Carbo, a Collier, *Carbonarius*.

Vimen, a Basket-maker, *Viminarius*

Cribrum, a Sieve-maker, *Cribrarius*.

Pecten, a Comb-maker, *Pectinarius*.

And many such like.

82 DICTIONARIOLUM

<i>A Cooper</i>	3 <i>Viçtor, òris</i>	<i>m</i>
<i>An Axe or Hatchet</i>	3 <i>Sëcuris, is</i>	<i>f</i>
<i>A Chain</i>	1 <i>Dolubra, æ, f. plānula æ</i>	<i>f</i>
<i>A Saw</i>	1 <i>Seria, æ</i>	<i>f</i>
<i>A Wedge</i>	2 <i>Cūneus, i</i>	<i>m</i>
<i>A Pair of compasses</i>	2 <i>Circinus, i</i>	<i>m</i>
<i>A Square</i>	1 <i>Norma, æ</i>	<i>f</i>
<i>A Ruler</i>	1 <i>Rēgūla, æ</i>	<i>f</i>
<i>A Wimple or Auger</i>	1 <i>Tērebra, æ</i>	<i>f</i>
<i>A Lever</i>	3 <i>Veçtis, is</i>	<i>m</i>
<i>Glue</i>	3 <i>Glūten, īnis</i>	<i>n</i>
<i>A Furrier</i>	3 <i>Pellio, ònis</i>	<i>m</i>
<i>A Tanner</i>	2 <i>Cōriārius, ii</i>	<i>m</i>
<i>A Shoemaker</i>	3 <i>Sūtor, calceārius</i>	<i>m</i>
<i>A Cocker</i>	3 <i>Cerdo, ònis</i>	<i>m</i>
<i>A Horse courser</i>	2 <i>Hippoplānus, i</i>	<i>m</i>
<i>A Post</i>	2 <i>Vērēdārius, ii</i>	<i>m</i>
<i>A Letter Carrier</i>	2 <i>Tābellārius, ii</i>	<i>m</i>
<i>A Porter</i>	2 <i>Bajūlus, i</i>	<i>m</i>
<i>A Barber</i>	3 <i>Tonfor, òris</i>	<i>m</i>
<i>A Barbers shop</i>	1 <i>Tonstrina, æ</i>	<i>f</i>
<i>A Landress</i>	3 <i>Lōtrix, icis</i>	<i>f (neus</i>
<i>A Mountebank</i>	2 <i>Mēdīcus circumfōra-</i>	
<i>A Juglar</i>	3 <i>Præstīgiator, òris</i>	<i>m</i>
<i>A Dancer</i>	3 <i>Saltator, òris</i>	<i>m</i>
<i>A Wrestler</i>	3 <i>Luçtator, òris</i>	<i>m</i>
<i>A Rope-dancer</i>	2 <i>Fūnambulus, i</i>	<i>m</i>

XXXI.

Of Time and its Measures. *De Tempore ejúsque Men-*
suris.

T <i>Ime</i>	3 T <i>empus, òris</i>	<i>n</i>
<i>A season</i>	3 T <i>empeſtas a-</i>	<i>f</i>
	<i>tis</i>	
<i>Opportunity</i>	4 <i>Opportūnitas, ātis</i>	<i>f</i>
<i>A Year</i>	2 <i>Annus, i</i>	<i>m</i>
<i>Two years</i>	2 <i>Biennium,</i>	<i>n</i>
So onwards Three Years is <i>Triennium</i> , Four Years		
<i>Quadrīennium</i> , Five Years <i>Quinquennium</i> . <i>Feur</i>		

Four years	2. Lustrum, i	m
Leap-year	2 Bissextilis annus,	m
The Spring	3 Ver, v̄eris	m
The Summer	3 Estas, ātis	f
The Autumn	2 Autumnus, i	m
The Winter	3 Hyems, is	j
A Month	3 Mensis, is	m
January	2 Januārius, ii	m
February	2 Fēbruarius, ii	m
March	2 Martius, ii	m
April	3 -Aprilis, is	m
May	2 Maius, ii	m
June	2 Jūnius, ii	m
July	2 Jūlius, ii	m
August	2 Augustus, i	m
September	3 September, bris	m
October	3 Octōber, bris	m
November	3 Nōvember, bris	m
December	3 Dēcember, bris	m
A Week	1 Sēptimana, æ	f
A Day	5 Dies, ei <i>dub.</i> (vel solis	
Sunday	5 { Dominicus i	
Munday	5 { Lunæ	
Tuesday	5 { Martis	
Wednesday	5 Dies & Mercurii	
Thursday	5 { Jōvis	
Friday	5 { Vēneris (bati	
Saturday	5 { Saturni aut fab-	
Break of day	2 Dilūcūlum, i	m
The Morning	1 Aurora, æ	f
Noon	5 Mēridies, ei	m
The Afternoon	3 Tempus pomēridianum	
The Evening	3 Vesper, ēris	m
The Twilight	2 Crēpusculum, i	m
The Sun-rising	4 Exortus, solis	
The Sun-setting	4 Occasus, ūs	m
A Night	3 Nox, noctis	f

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<i>Midnight</i>	3	Nox intempeſta	
<i>Cock-crowing</i>	2	Gallicinium, ii	n
<i>An Hour</i>	1	Hora, æ	f
<i>Half an hour</i>	1	Sēmihora, æ	f
<i>A Quarter of an hour</i>	3	Quadrans, tis	m
<i>A Minute</i>	2	Minutum, i	n
<i>A Moment</i>	2	Mōmentum, i	n
<i>An Hour-glaſs</i>	1	Clepsydra, æ	f
<i>A Clock</i>	2	Hōrōlogiūm, ii	n
<i>A Sun-dial</i>	2	Horologium ſōlārium aut ſciōthēricum	
<i>The Point of a Dial</i>	2	Stylus, i	m
<i>A Working-day</i>	4	Dies prōfeſtus, i	m
<i>An Holy-day</i>	5	Dies feſtus,	m
<i>An half Holy-day</i>	5	Dies interciſus	
<i>Christmas</i>	3	Natālis Chriſti	
<i>Eaſter</i>	3	Paſcha, ātis	n
<i>Whitſuntide</i>	3	Pentecoſte, es	f
<i>Infancy</i>	1	Infantia, æ	f
<i>An infant</i>	3	Infans, tis	com.
<i>Childhood</i>	1	Puēritia, æ	f
<i>A Boy</i>	2	Puer, ĕri	m
<i>A Girl or Wench</i>	1	Puella, æ	f
<i>A Youth</i>	3	Adoleſcens, tis	com.
<i>A young Man</i>	3	Jūvĕnis, is	m
<i>Youth</i>	3	Jūventus, ūtis	f
<i>Manhood</i>	3	Vīrilis, ætas	
<i>Old Age</i>	3	Senectus, ūtis	f
<i>An old Man</i>	3	Senex, is	m
<i>An old Woman</i>	4	Anus, ūs	f
<i>An Age</i>	2	Seculum, i	n
<i>The Age of Man</i>	3	Ætas, ātis	f

XXXII.

Of Number.
Number
 Even
 Odd

De Numero.
 2 **N**umerus, i m
 Par, paris m
 Impar, ris m

One,

One, 1, I.
The First.
Two, 2, II.
The Second.
Three, 3, III.
The Third.
Four, 4, IV.
The Fourth.
Five, 5, V.
The Fifth.
Six, 6, VI.
The Sixth.
Seven, 7, VII.
The Seventh.
Eight, 8, VIII.
The Eighth.
Nine, 9, IX.
The Ninth.
Ten, 10, X.
The Tenth.
Eleven, 11, XI.
The Eleventh.
Twelve, 12, XII.
The Twelfth.
Thirteen, 13, XIII.
The Thirteenth.
Fourteen, 14, XIV.
Fifteen, 15, XV.
Sixteen, 16, XVI.
Seventeen, 17, XVII.
Eighteen, 18, XVIII.
Nineteen, 19, XIX.
Twenty, 20, XX.
Thirty, 30, XXX.
Forty, 40, XL.
Fifty, 50, L.
Sixty, 60, LX.

Unus, a, um
Primus, a, um
Duo, æ, o
Secundus, a, um
Tres, tria, eom.
Tertius, a, um
Quatuor, *indec.*
Quartus, a, um
Quinque, *indec.*
Quintus, a, um
Sex, *indec.*
Sextus, a, um
Septem, *indec.*
Septimus, a, um
Octo, *indec.*
Octavus, a, um
Novem, *indec.*
Nonus, a, um
Decem, *indec.*
Decimus, a, um
Undecim, *indec.*
Undecimus, a, um
Duodecim, *indec.*
Duodecimus, a, um
Tredcim, *indec.*
Decimus tertius
Quatuordecim, *indec.*
Quindecim, *indec.*
Sexdecim *vel* sedecim
Septendecim
Octodecim
Undeviginti
Viginti
Triginta
Quadraginta
Quinquaginta
Sexaginta
H

Seventy,

86 DICTIONARIOLUM

Seventy, 70, LXX	Septuaginta
Eighty, 80, LXXX.	Octoginta
Ninety, 90, XC.	Nonaginta
An Hundred, 100, C.	Centum
Two Hundred, 200, CC.	Ducenti, æ, a
Three Hundred, 300, CCC.	Trecenti, æ, a
Four Hund. 400, CCCC.	Quadringenti, æ, a
Five Hundred, 500, D.	Quingenti, æ, a
Six Hundred, 600, DC.	Sexcenti, æ, a
Seven Hund. 700, DCC.	Septingenti, æ, a
Eight Hund 800, DCCC.	Octingenti, æ, a
Nine Hundred, 900, CM.	Nongenti, æ, a
A Thousand, 1000, M.	Mille
Ten Thousand, 10000.	Decies mille

A Century of Proverbs, and Proverbial Speeches.

WEL' begun is half done. *Dimidium facti, qui bene capit habet.*

Never too old to learn. *Discipulus est prioris posterior dies.*

A good Neighbour a good good merrow. *Aliquid mali propter vicinum malum.*

Empty Vessels make the greatest Sound. *Etiam timidissimis Lingua fortis est.*

Long absent soon forgotten. *Absentium nulla est cura.*

Necessity hath no Law. *Durum telum Necessitas.*

An old Dog will learn no Tricks. *Senex Psittacus negligit Ferulam.*

Every Bean hath its Black. *Vitiis nemo sine nascitur.*

It's Beggars Wee, to see another by the Door go. *Etiam Mendicis Mendico invidet.*

You can't make a silken Purse of a Sow's Ear. *Ex quovis Ligno non fit Mercurius.* Me-

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Trim tram, like Master like Man. *Dignum patellâ operculum*

Hunger makes hard Bones sweet beans. *Optimum cibi condimentum fames, sicut potus.*

Fair Words butter no Parsnips. *Re opitulandum non verbis.*

A little Fish is good when it is caught. *I modo venare leporem, nunc Ityn tenes.*

Little Strokes fell great Oaks. *Multis ictibus deicitur Quercus.*

Many hands make quick Work. *Multorum manibus grande levatur onus.*

While there is Life there is Hope. *Ægrotō dum anima est, spes est.*

Many Littles, make a Mickle. *Adde parum parvo magnus accrevit erit*

No Mill no Meal *Qui fugit molam fugit farinam.*

Tread on a Worm and it will turn. *Habet & Musca splenem.*

Every Bird must hatch its own Egg. *Tute hoc in-tristi tibi excedendum est.*

Over Shooes over Boots. *Ad perditam securim manubrium adjicere.*

Meat's well spent when you stop two Mouths with one Morsel. *Unica filiâ duos pariter generos.*

Either win the Horse or lose the Saddle. *Aut ter sex aut tres Tessaræ.*

Put a Miller, a Weaver, and a Taylor in a Bag, and shake 'em, and the first that comes out will be a Thief. *Thrax ad Thracem compositus.*

There's Reason in roasting of Eggs. *Est modus in rebus.*

He who once a good Name gets, may piss a Bed, and say he sweats *Etiâ trimestres libere felicibus.*

When Candles are out all Cats are grey. *Cæci Uxor non indiget fūco.*

Money makes the Mare go. *Pecuniæ obediunt omnia.*
God

God makes, and Apparel shapes, but Money makes the Man. *Tanti, quantum habas. sis.*

A rolling Stone gathers no Moss. *Saxum volutum, non obducitur musco.*

Too late to spare when the bottom is bare. *Serò in fundo parsimonia*

They must needs go whom the Devil drives. *Contra Torrentem non est nitendum.*

They who walk in the Sun will be tann'd at last. *Quem saepe casus transit aliquando invenit.*

Jack Sprat would teach his Grandame. *Ante barbam docet Senes.*

The greatest Talkers are always the least doers. *Verba importat Hermodorus.*

Two Heads are better than one. *Plus vident oculi quam oculus.*

It is good riding at two Anchors. *Duabus anchoris sis fultus.*

Nothing venture nothing have. *Quid enim tentare nocebit?*

Many a good Cow has but a bad Calf. *Ætas parentum tulit nos nequiores.*

It is good to make a Vertue of Necessity. *Levis fit patientia quicquid corrigere est nefas.*

Welcome is the best Chear. *In muneribus res prestantissima mens est.*

I wot well how the World wags, He is most lov'd that hath most Bags. *Ubi opes ibi amici.*

Once a Whore and always a Whore. *Qui semel Scurra nunquam Pater familias.*

Bought Wit is best. *Duro flagello mens decetur rectius.*

Out of Debt out of Danger. *Felix qui nihil debet.*
Haste makes waste. *Festina lente.*

Delay breeds Danger. *Nihil cunctandum.*

The more he looks the more he likes. *Ex Aspectu nascitur amor.*

A Fool may put somewhat in a wise Bodies Head.

Sæpe etiam est olitor valde opportuna locutus

One God and no more, but Friends good store.

Unus Deus sed plures amici parandi.

A Friend in need is a Friend indeed. *Amicus certus in re incerta cernitur.*

We cannot serve God and Mammon. *Non potes*

Thetidem & Galatæam simul amare.

Good Wine needs no Bush. *Proba merx facile emptæ rem repperit.*

Do as you would be done by. *Aliis ne feceris quod tibi fieri non vis.*

Stolen Waters are sweetest. *Furtivæ aquæ dulciores.*

All Men are free of other Men's Goods. *De alieno facile largimur.*

One Eye-witness is worth ten Ear-witnesses. *Segnitius irritant animos demissa per aurem. Quam quæ sunt oculis subjecta fidelibus.*——

Amongst the Common People Scoggan's a Doctor. *Inter cæcos regnat strabus.*

You can have no more of a Cat than her Skin. *Non potes nudo vestimenta detrahere.*

Mind what the Fryar says, not what he does. *Bene consulit, sed male facit.*

Batchellors want Wives till they have them, and then they want to be rid of 'em. *Dulcis expertis cultura potentis amici, Expertus metuit.*——

Every one as they like, as the Man said that kissed his Cow. *Trahit sua quemque voluptas.*

An Ounce of good Luck is worth a Pound of Wisdom. *Gutta Fortunæ præ dolio sapientiæ.*

Tell a Mare a Tale, and she'll let a Fart. *Dormienti loqueris.*

The last Sutor may win the Maid. *Aquilam Testudo vicit.*

Experience is the Mistress of Fools. *Experientia stultorum Magistra.*

Like

Like Good, like Blood, and like Age, make the
happiest Marriage. *Si qua voles apte nubere, nu-
be pari.*

He that lies down with Dogs will rise with Fleas.
Societas reddit similes.

Honours change Manners. *Honores mutant mores.*
Silence gives consent. *Qui tacit consentire videtur.*
Scratch my Breech and I'll claw your Elbow. *Ma-
nus manum fricat.*

Company in Distress, makes the Trouble the less.
Solamen miseris socios habuisse doloris.

Once Men and twice Children. *Senes bis pueri.*
He hath ill Neighbours who is forced to praise
himself. *Proprio laus sordet in ore.*

Poverty is the School of Wisdom. *Magister artis,
ingeniique largitor venter.*

Where shall a Man have a worse Friend than he
brings from home. *Fratrum inter se iræ sunt a-
cerbissimæ.*

An idle Brain is the Devil's Shop. *Otia dant vitia.*
The Evening crowns the Day. *Extrius acta probat.*
No Joy without Annoy. *Nulla est sincera voluptas.*

PARADIGMAT A of the Latin Declensions.

Decl. I. Whose Nominative singular always ends in *a*,
except in proper Names or Words derived from the
Greek, which end in *as*, *es*, *e*.

	Nom.	G.	D.	Ac.	V.	A.		N.	Gen.	D.	Ac.	V.	Ab.
Singular	Luna	æ	æ	ma	a	a	Plural.	æ	arum	is	as	æ	is
	Eteſias	æ	æ	am ^r	a	a							
	Pyrites	æ	æ	en	es	e							
	Syncope	es	e	en	e	c							

1 Or in *an*. 2 Or in *a*. 3 some few Words have it in *abus*.
Decl. II.

Facetiæ quædam.

Decl. II. Whose *Nom. sing.* always ends in *us, er, or um*.

Sing.	Animus	mi	mo	mum	me	mo
	Culter	tri	tro	trum	ter	tro
	Verbum	bi	bo	bum	bum	bo
Plur.	mi		mi	mi		
	tri	orum	is	tri	tri	is
	ba		ba	ba		

Decl. III. The ending of whose *N. S.* is very various.

Singulariter.	Jaspis	idis	idi	id					
	Rudens	entis	enti	ent					
	Paries	etis	eti	et	1 em	2 e	es	um	ibus
	Oratio	onis	oni	on-					
	Virtus	utis	uti	ut-					
	Nubes	bis	bi	b-					
	Lanugo	ginis	gini	gin					

1 Sometimes in *im*. 2 Sometimes in *i*.

Decl. IV. Whose *Nom. Sing.* ends always in *us* or *u*; but all those in *u* vary not the Termination in the Singular Number.

Si Fructus | us | ui | um | us | u | es | um | ibus | us | us | tibus.

* Some few make the *Abl.* in *ubus*.

Decl. V. Whose *Nom. Sing.* always ends in *es*, few of which have either the *Gen. Dat.* or *Abl. Plural*.

Si Dies | ei | ei | em | es | e | es | erum | ebus | es | es | ebus

Facetiæ quedam ex Hierocle & Philagrio.

Scholasticus quidam natare tentans, pene summersus est; juravit itaque, non ingressurum de cætero aquam, ni prius natare didicisset.

A certain Scholar attempting to Swim, he had like to have been Drown'd; and thereupon Swore he would never go into the Water again till he had learn'd to Swim.

Scholasticus morbo jacentem visens, percontabatur de valetudine. Ille verò curâ respondere nequivit. iratus hic increpuit hominem, ac, Spero etiam, inquit, me ægrotaturum, nec tibi visenti responsum redditurum.

A Scholar coming to visit his sick Friend, he ask'd him how he did, but the Man not being able to speak to him again, the Scholar was very angry, and I hope, quoth he,

Facetiæ quædam.

at some time or other I shall be Sick, and then I won't give you an Answer when you come to Visit me.

Scholasticus volens murem libros ejus assidue ardentem comprehendere, carnes mandens in tenebris e regione sedebat.

A Scholar had a great mind to catch a Mouse that was wont to gnaw his Books, and therefore sat eating a little Vittuals in the Dark in his Closet to watch her.

Scholasticus domum venditurus, lapidem ex ea pro specimine circumferebat.

A Scholar that had a House to sell, took a Stone out of the Wall of it, to shew any Chapman for a Sample of it.

Scholasticus emptâ domo de fenestra despiciens, prætereuntes interrogabat, an se deceret illa domus.

A Scholar having newly bought a House, he looked out at a Window upon those that passed by, and asked whether his House became him or not.

Scholasticus, per somnium sibi visus clavum calcasse & pedem dolore ratus, circumligavit. Sodalis autem causa cognita, Nil mirum, inquit cum dormis discalceatus.

A Scholar once dream'd that he had trod upon a Nail, and conceiting his Foot to be hurt with it, he swathed it about. One of his Companions, as wise as himself, understanding his Case, Ay, says he, no wonder this comes of going to Bed without ones Shoes on.

Scholasticus vini optimi cadum nactus, obsignavit; quem tamen servus subrus perforans vinum abstulit, is mirabatur signaculis salvis vinum imminutum esse. Vide inquit sodalis, num subrus ablatum sit. Ille verò, stultissime ait, non inferius vinum deficit, sed superius.

A Scholar that had a Vessel of excellent Wine, sealed up the Bung; but his Servant boring a Hole at the bottom of it, stole away some of it; the Scholar finding his Seal whole, and yet the Wine gone, was astonished at it, when a Friend of his bid him see underneath whether it was not gone that way: Thou Fool, says the Scholar, dost not see the Wine is wanting at the top, and not at the bottom.

Scholasticus qui audivisset, corvum ultra annos ducentos vitam producere, Corvum emens aluit ad periculum faciendum.

A Scholar who had heard that a Crow may live above two hundred Years, to Experiment the Truth of it, bought a Crow and kept it.

SCHOL-

Fecit. e quidam.

Scholasticus tempestate oborta navigans, cum cæteri vectores obvia quisque arma, quibus enatarent arriperent, ille unam ex anchoris amplexus est.

A Scholar being on Ship-board in a great Storm, the Passengers all got one thing or other to Swim away and save their Lives upon, which he observing, he gets hold of the anchor and clings fast to that.

Scholasticus fluvium trajecturus, navim equo insidens conscendit. Percunctante autem quopiam cur id faceret? Festino inquit.

A Scholar who was to cross a great River, got into the Barge on Horse-back, and when one ask'd him the Reason; O, says he, I am in great haste.

Scholastico cui secta erat uva, præceperat medicus ne loqueretur, qui famulo mandavit, ut suo loco salutantibus responderet. Deinde ipse cuilibet dicebat: ne pro injuria reputes, si pro me servus meus te resalutat, medicus enim vetuit me loqui.

Scholasticus volens asinum suum docere, ne multum comederet, illi pabulum non apponebat, Moriente autem asello præ fame, aiebat, magnam feci jacturam: quando enim didicit non multum comedere, tunc extinctus est.

Scholastico peregre proficilenti amicus dixit, quæso mercare mihi dous pueros, five servulos utrumque annorum quindecim. Sed si non invenero, inquit ille, duos, mercabor tibi unum, annos natum triginta.

Scholasticus multis diebus libro requisito, nec invento cum forte lactucam comederet, conversus in angulum, vidit ibidem jacere librum. Postea amico occurrens lamentanti, ut qui vestimentorum ornatum amisisset, ne dolcas, inquit, sed lactucas eme, & eas comedens in angulum conversus attende oculos, & vestes invenies.

Quidam in scholasticum incidens, servus, inquit quem vendidisti mihi, mortuus est. Tum Scholasticus; per deos, quando mecum erat, tale nihil fecit.

Scholasticus somnum capere cupiens, cum pulvinum non haberet, servo mandavit uti amphoram supponeret. Quo dicente, nimis duram esse, jussit eam plumis impleri.

Scholasticus cum patre suo litigans, dixit ei, male, an non vides quantum mihi nocueris? si enim tu natus non esses, ego avi mei hæres essem.

Scholasticus naufragio periturus tabellas postulabat ut testamentum conderet.

Schola-

Fecetiæ quædam.

Scholastici duo ambulabant. Conspicatur alter horum Gallinam nigram, frater, inquit, fortassis hujus gallus est mortuus.

Scholasticus audito à quibusdam barbam jam sibi venire, abiit ad portam urbis, expectabat ipsam. Caussam dum alius quærit, & cognoscit, merito, inquit stultas æstimaris. Unde enim scias, annon per aliam portam, veniat?

Scholasticus conspecta luna percunctatus est patrem suum, an & aliis urbibus tales lunæ essent.

Scholasticus in agro suo profundum cernens puteum, quærebat num bona esset aqua: agricolis autem respondentibus bonam esse, nam & parentes ejus inde bibisse: & quam longa, inquit, habebant colla si è tam profundo bibere potuerunt.

Scholasticus facetus, sumptibus egens, libros suos vendebat, scribensque ad patrem dicebat, gratulare nobis, jam enim libri nos alunt:

Scholasticus in flumine cymbam frumento onustam & gravatam videns, si paulum flumen increverit, inquit, cymba summergetur.

Scholasticus navigans percunctabatur gubernatorem, Quota hora esset? Eo respondente, le nescire: Quæsit, quandiu esset, quod navim gubernaret? Triennium inquit: Quomodo igitur ego (subjicit scholasticus) qui ante semestre domum emi, cum in atrium sol descendit, horam conjicio: Tu vero tanto tempore navim regens, ex ea quota sit hora conjicere non potes?

Scholasticus ex peregrinatione revertens, & clivum ascendens, mirabatur dicebatque, cum prius hac iter facerem, descensus erat, & quomodo tam cito in ascensum mutatus est?

Scholastico amicus peregre absens scripsit, ut sibi libros coemeret. Is re neglecta reversus inquit, misisti Epistolam de libris emendis quam non accepi.

Scholasticus visis super arbore multis passeribus, sensim subiens, vestis sinum expandit, & arborem concussit, quasi decedentes excepturus.

Abdera urbs in duas partes erat divisa; Quidam enim versus orientem, quidam versus occidentem habitabant. Hostibus igitur improvise urbem adortis, orientales inter se sic loquebantur, Quid turbamur, cum hostes per occidentales partes irruant.

Fecetiae quaedam.

Abderis Afinus latenter gymnasium ingressus oleum, (quo *Palestrici* & *in latentes corpora perungebant*) effudit. Cives coeuntes, accersitis omnibus quotquot in urbe erant asinis, & unum in locum coactis, ad sibi impoſterum cavendum; & ad exemplum ſtatuendum, coram iſſis aſinum illum reum diſſagellarunt.

Adderites cum ſe vellet ſuſpendere, fracto fune decidens, capite graviter offendit, Emplaſtro igitur ſibi à chirurgo impoſito, abiit, & denuo ſe ſuſpenderit.

Abderites quendam curſorem, ſuſpenſum videns per deos inquit hic non jam currit ſed volat.

Abderites pelvim aures (anſas) non habentem vendens cauſam dixit eſſe, ne ſi ſe vendi audiret, auſugeret.

Sidonio cuidam cocus ait: Mutuare mihi gladium, uſque Smyrnam. Reſpondit Sidonius, non habeo gladium, qui Smyrnam uſque perſtingat.

Homo lepidus videns Grammaticum imperitum docere, accedens ſciſcitabatur, cur non doceret citharam pulſare. Illo reſpondente, quia nescio. Quomodo igitur inquit, literas doces cum nescias?

Ad moroſum medicum quidam adiens dixit, Vir erudite, non poſſum recumbere, nec ſtare, nec ſedere. Tum medicus ſolum tibi reliquam eſt ſuſpendi.

Moroſus medicus, & unocolus ægrotum interrogabat, ut haberet. Ille ut vides. Et medicus, ſi habes, ut ego video, dimidium tui mortuum eſt.

Moroſum quendam medicus ubi acceſſit, tacta ejus vena, male febricitas, ait. Et ægrotus ſi tu poteſ melius febricitare, en lectulus, recuba, & febricita.

F I N I S.